

**FUTURE FISHERIES IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM GRANT APPLICATION***All sections must be addressed, or the application will be considered invalid***I. APPLICANT INFORMATION**A. Applicant Name: Big Blackfoot Chapter of Trout UnlimitedMailing Address: PO Box 1City: Ovando State: MT Zip: 59854Telephone: 406-240-4824 E-mail: ryen@montanatu.orgB. Contact Person (if different than applicant): Ryen NeudeckerAddress: See above

City: \_\_\_\_\_ State: \_\_\_\_\_ Zip: \_\_\_\_\_

Telephone: \_\_\_\_\_ E-mail: \_\_\_\_\_

C. Landowner and/or Lessee Name (if different than applicant): Derek EllisMailing Address: Braziel Creek RdCity: Helmville State: MT Zip: 59834Telephone: 801-831-0323 E-mail: derek@iamellis.com**II. PROJECT INFORMATION**A. Project Name: Nevada Creek Phase 6 Restoration ProjectRiver, stream, or lake: Nevada CreekLocation: Township: 12N Range: 10W Section: 04Latitude: 46.864632 Longitude: -112.941788 *Within project (decimal degrees)*County: Powell County

B. Purpose of Project:

The purpose of this project is to build upon the success of the previous five phases of restoration work on Nevada Creek. This project will improve trout habitat in Nevada Creek by restoring channel stability, aquatic habitat function, floodplain connection and riparian health, while contributing to improved conditions in the middle Blackfoot River.

## C. Brief Project Description (attach additional information to end of application):

The proposed work on Nevada Creek is a continuation of the ongoing efforts in the drainage that have a goal of improving instream, riparian, and upland habitat within a working landscape through strong partnerships, following a science-based approach. With this proposal, we are seeking funding to implement a stream, riparian and wetland restoration project across two-miles of Nevada Creek. This project will benefit westslope cutthroat trout (a Montana species of special concern), as well as rainbow trout and brown trout. The project will also address threats to an existing irrigation canal, critical to the livelihoods of several producers in the watershed, and one in which a failure would have significant downstream impacts to fisheries and aquatic resources in Nevada Creek.

Restoring native westslope cutthroat trout habitat on the largest tributary to the middle Blackfoot River will be accomplished by addressing a range of limiting factors identified in Blackfoot Watershed Restoration Action and Sub Basin Plans, including fish habitat impairments (including degraded spawning and rearing habitat), disconnected floodplains, chronic bank erosion, and lack of functional riparian habitat. The proposed project is expected to increase instream habitat capacity and production of trout, similar to the documented benefits of previous restoration projects in Nevada Creek. The project will improve watershed conditions and fisheries resources in Nevada Creek, while also contributing to downstream water quality improvements and increased trout recruitment in the Blackfoot River. The proposed project will contribute to climate resiliency through increased water storage from floodplain connection and wetland restoration, water temperature decreases, carbon storage, and the rejuvenation of a healthy, self-sustaining, native riparian ecosystem. Restoring proper channel patterns and dimensions will reduce water temperatures during hot and dry periods and facilitate hyporheic flow exchanges. Climate change is one of the greatest threats to long-term persistence of westslope cutthroat trout and bull trout, and the climate resilience aspects of the project will contribute to the species' conservation goals.

Within the project reach, critically important irrigation infrastructure--the Douglas Canal, which serves over 6,000 acres, is at risk of being undermined by Nevada Creek. Slope failure and mass wasting to Nevada Creek is imminent if this segment is left untreated. The restoration plan reconstructs 2,000 feet of channel in historical oxbow meanders and reconnects over 17 acres of bankfull floodplain, converting the entrenched channel adjacent to Douglas Canal to floodplain wetlands and low terrace features. This project involves multiple federal and state agency partners and has the urgent support of the Nevada Creek Water Users Association who funded part of the design.

## D. What was the cause of habitat degradation and how will the project correct the cause?

Historic channel manipulations, overgrazing, and streamside vegetation removal have contributed to the bank erosion issues. The project design includes techniques and treatments used in previous project phases with a successful track record to rectify the specific issues and their causes.

## E. Length of stream or size of lake that will be treated (project extent): 9,100 ft

Length/size of impact, if larger than project extent (e.g., stream miles opened):

## F. Project Budget Summary:

**Grant Request (Dollars):** \$ 103,000.00

Matching Dollars: \$ 676,067.00

Matching In-Kind Services:\* \$ 394,236.00

*\*salaries of government employees are not considered matching contributions*

Other Contributions (not part of this app) \$

**Total Project Cost:** \$ 1,173,303.00

## G. Attach itemized (line item) budget – see budget template

- H. Attach project location map(s) that include:
- ☐ Extent of the project, including context (relation to major landmark or town)
  - ☐ Indication of public and private property
  - ☐ Riparian buffer locations and widths (if applicable) and grazing locations
- I. Attach project plans:
- ☐ Detailed sketches or plan views with the location and proposed restoration
  - ☐ Pre-project photographs (GPS location strongly recommended)
  - ☐ If water leasing or water salvage is involved, attach a supplemental questionnaire (<https://myfwp.mt.gov/getRepositoryFile?objectID=36110>)
- J. Attach letters or statements of support (e.g., landowner consent, community or public support, and fish biologist support). List any other project partners:

MTFWP, USFWS, Nevada Creek Water Users Association

### III. MAINTENANCE AND MONITORING (attach additional information to end of application):

- A. A 20-year maintenance commitment is required\*. Please confirm that you will ensure this protection and describe your approach. Attach any relevant maintenance plans. Yes ☒ No ☐  
*\*If it is a water leasing project, describe the length of the agreement.*

A 20-year USFWS Partners for Fish & Wildlife Agreement will be signed once all funds have been secured.

- B. Will grazing be part of or adjacent to the project? If so, describe or attach land management plans, including short term and long term grazing regimes. If the landowner is not the applicant, please describe their involvement in the project. *If you want assistance with grazing plan development, note your need.*

Yes, there will be a grazing plan as part of the project. For now, a riparian exclusion is planned with a grazing management plan that incorporates healthy utilization of surrounding upland and riparian habitat.

- C. Will the project be monitored to determine if goals were met? If so, what are the short-term and long-term plans to assess benefits and lessons learned? Were pre-project data collected? Will monitoring information be shared with FWP?

The plan for the project involves monitoring the fisheries response, bank erosion reduction rates and riparian revegetation response and survival rates. Bank erosion data has been collected pre-project and photo points will be established. The project will be surveyed during construction to support an "as-built" report. Our final monitoring report will be shared with FWP.

### IV. PROJECT BENEFITS (attach additional information to end of application):

- A. What species of fish will benefit from this project?

Westslope cutthroat trout, brown trout and rainbow trout.

- B. How will the project protect or enhance wild fish habitat?

The proposed reach along Nevada Creek lacks quality habitat necessary to support robust trout populations. By addressing bank erosion issues, improper channel dimensions, lack of floodplain connection and riparian function, we anticipate a significant improvement in instream and riparian habitat conditions. The increased pool frequency and proper channel dimensions will increase low-flow habitat capacity in this section that experiences chronically low flows during the irrigation season that exacerbates the habitat degradation issues in this section. The improved habitat conditions are expected to increase recruitment to adjacent sections of lower Nevada Creek and the middle Blackfoot River.

- C. What is the expected improvement to fish populations, both short term and long term? How might the project translate to angler success?

Nevada Creek is a very productive stream and the improvements in habitat resulting from the restoration work to date have a very high potential to increase recruitment to the middle reaches of the Blackfoot River

The previously restored phases of Nevada Creek have shown measurable improvements in riparian and instream habitat quality, sediment impacts, and floodplain connection. Based on the fisheries monitoring from past reaches, we expect to see an increase in the quality of fishable habitat, as well increased trout abundance within and adjacent to the project section.

- D. Will the project increase public fishing opportunity for wild fish and, if so, how? Is public fishing allowed onsite? If not, describe how the public would access the project benefits.

Yes: Public access is available. Landowners request permission is asked prior to accessing their property. Due to the monitoring data of the phase 1 project, we have seen a significant increase in the number of trout and thus we anticipate adding close to two miles of fishable habitat on Nevada Creek. The project is also expected to increase trout recruitment to publicly-accessible sections of lower Nevada Creek and the Blackfoot River. A recent radio telemetry study identified trout migration between the Phase 6 project section and the frequently-fished section directly below the reservoir. Increased trout production in Phase 6 will contribute to improved fishing opportunities within adjacent reaches that are more easily accessible by the public

- E. Aside from angling, what local or large-scale public benefits will be realized from this project?

In addition to the natural resource benefits, the combination of these efforts will enhance the local agricultural, social, and economic values in a variety of ways. Floodplain reconnection will reduce flood intensity for downstream reaches and prevent the loss of important agriculture ground by addressing chronic bank erosion. Reduced erosion will contribute to achieving water quality goals for the 303d-listed sections of the Blackfoot River and Nevada Creek. Instream habitat restoration will increase the habitat capacity and recruitment of important sport fisheries in a blue-ribbon trout river that supports over 90,000 angler days. Improved land management systems and associated infrastructure upgrades will benefit producers and increase economic viability through enhanced range productivity and stream bank resilience. The proposed construction work will boost the local economy with the majority of project dollars allocated for materials, labor, engineering and design. The outcomes of this proposal will facilitate goals of endangered species recovery programs and Montana recovery plans.

- F. Will the project interfere with water or property rights of adjacent landowners? (explain):

No, none of the proposed project elements will interfere with water or property rights.

- G. Will the project result in the development of commercial recreational use on the site (including paid access)? Explain:

No.

- H. Is this project associated with the reclamation of past mining activity?

No.

**Each approved project applicant must enter into a written agreement with Montana Fish, Wildlife & Parks specifying terms and duration of the project. The applicant must obtain all applicable permits prior to project construction. A competitive bid process must be followed when using State funds.**

**V. AUTHORIZING STATEMENT**

I (we) hereby declare that the information and all statements to this application are true, complete, and accurate to the best of my (our) knowledge and that the project or activity complies with rules of the Future Fisheries Improvement Program.

Applicant Signature: 

Date: November 9, 2022

Submittal: **Applications must be signed and received on or before November 15 and May 15 to be considered for the subsequent funding period.** Late or incomplete applications will be rejected.

Mail to: FWP Future Fisheries Fish Habitat Bureau PO Box 200701 Helena, MT 59620-0701	Email: Future Fisheries Coordinator <a href="mailto:FWPFFIP@mt.gov">FWPFFIP@mt.gov</a> (electronic submissions must be signed) For files over 10MB, use <a href="https://transfer.mt.gov">https://transfer.mt.gov</a> and send to <a href="mailto:mmcgree@mt.gov">mmcgree@mt.gov</a>
--	---

Nevada Creek Restoration Phase 6  
**BUDGET TEMPLATE SHEET FOR FUTURE FISHERIES PROGRAM APPLICATIONS**

007-2023

Both tables must be completed or the application will be returned

PROJECT COSTS					CONTRIBUTIONS			
WORK ITEMS (Itemize by Category)	NUMBER OF UNITS	UNIT DESCRIPTION*	COST/UNIT	TOTAL COST	FUTURE FISHERIES REQUEST	MATCH (Cash or Services)**	OTHER (Not part of this application)	TOTAL
<b>Personnel***</b>								
Survey	55	Hours	\$100.00	\$ 5,500.00		5,500.00		\$ 5,500.00
Design	156	Hours	\$125.00	\$ 19,500.00		19,500.00		\$ 19,500.00
Engineering	145	Hours	\$125.00	\$ 18,125.00		18,125.00		\$ 18,125.00
Permitting	55	Hours	\$115.00	\$ 6,325.00		6,325.00		\$ 6,325.00
Oversight	540	Hours	\$115.00	\$ 62,100.00		62,100.00		\$ 62,100.00
Project Management	220	Hours	\$45.00	\$ 9,900.00		9,900.00		\$ 9,900.00
			Sub-Total	\$ 121,450.00	\$ -	\$ 121,450.00	\$ -	\$ 121,450.00
<b>Travel</b>								
Mileage	3600	Miles	\$0.63	\$ 2,268.00		2,268.00		\$ 2,268.00
Per diem				\$ -				\$ -
			Sub-Total	\$ 2,268.00	\$ -	\$ 2,268.00	\$ -	\$ 2,268.00
<b>Construction Materials****</b>								
Sods	154,800	sq/ft	\$0.50	\$ 77,400.00		\$ 77,400.00		\$ 77,400.00
Gravel	2,400	yds	\$10.00	\$ 24,000.00		\$ 24,000.00		\$ 24,000.00
Willow Cuttings	57,600	each	\$1.00	\$ 57,600.00		\$ 57,600.00		\$ 57,600.00
Transplants	100	each	\$100.00	\$ 10,000.00		\$ 10,000.00		\$ 10,000.00
Fill	15,620	yds	\$5.00	\$ 78,100.00		\$ 78,100.00		\$ 78,100.00
Trees	1750	each	\$50.00	\$ 87,500.00		\$ 87,500.00		\$ 87,500.00
GPS Set Up	1	LS	\$10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00		\$10,000		\$ 10,000.00
				\$ -				\$ -
				\$ -				\$ -
			Sub-Total	\$ 344,600.00	\$ -	\$ 344,600.00	\$ -	\$ 344,600.00
<b>Equipment, Labor, and Mobilization</b>								
Mobilization	1	LS	\$15,000.00	\$ 15,000.00		\$15,000		\$ 15,000.00
Clearwater Diversion	1	LS	\$6,500.00	\$ 6,500.00		6,500.00		\$ 6,500.00
Salvage and transplant existing vegetation	1	LS	\$5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00		5,000.00		\$ 5,000.00
Access roads and staging/reclaim	1	LS	\$3,000.00	\$ 3,000.00		3,000.00		\$ 3,000.00
Furnish Wood	35	loads	\$1,500.00	\$ 52,500.00	20,000.00	32,500.00		\$ 52,500.00
Furnish screened alluvium	2400	CY	\$5.00	\$ 12,000.00	4,000.00	8,000.00		\$ 12,000.00
Furnish Cat 1 Rock	2042	CY	\$5.00	\$ 10,210.00		10,210.00		\$ 10,210.00

Nevada Creek Restoration Phase 6  
BUDGET TEMPLATE SHEET FOR FUTURE FISHERIES PROGRAM APPLICATIONS

007-2023

Ex/Haul/place fill in repositories	6700	CY	\$5.25	\$ 35,175.00		35,175.00		\$ 35,175.00
Ex channel and streambank subgrade	1700	CY	\$5.75	\$ 9,775.00		9,775.00		\$ 9,775.00
Construct channel streambed	2750	LF	\$30.00	\$ 82,500.00	27,500.00	55,000.00		\$ 82,500.00
Shape Channel	4950	LF	\$7.50	\$ 37,125.00	10,000.00	27,125.00		\$ 37,125.00
Construct lg wood structures	38	each	\$1,600.00	\$ 60,800.00	5,000.00	55,800.00		\$ 60,800.00
Construct vegetated wood matrix type 1	4980	LF	\$25.00	\$ 124,500.00	20,000.00	104,500.00		\$ 124,500.00
Construct vegetated wood matrix type 2	4289	LF	\$30.00	\$ 128,670.00	10,000.00	118,670.00		\$ 128,670.00
Construct vegetated wood matrix type 3	730	LF	\$10.00	\$ 7,300.00		7,300.00		\$ 7,300.00
Construct Log Steps	7	each	\$1,500.00	\$ 10,500.00		10,500.00		\$ 10,500.00
Furnish and install willows	57,600	each	\$1.00	\$ 57,600.00	6,500.00	51,100.00		\$ 57,600.00
Construct wetlands and reclaim repositories	8920	CY	\$5.25	\$ 46,830.00		46,830.00		\$ 46,830.00
				\$ -				\$ -
			Sub-Total	\$ 704,985.00	\$ 103,000.00	\$ 601,985.00	\$ -	\$ 704,985.00
<b>TOTALS</b>				\$ 1,173,303.00	\$ 103,000.00	\$ 1,070,303.00	\$ -	\$ 1,173,303.00

**OTHER REQUIREMENTS:**

**All of the columns in the budget table and the matching contribution table MUST be completed appropriately or the application will be invalid.** Please see the example budget sheet for additional clarification.

\*Units = feet, hours, inches, etc. Do not use lump sum unless there is no other way to describe the costs.

\*\*Can include in-kind materials. Justification for in-kind labor (e.g. hourly rates used). Do not use government salaries as match. Describe here or in text.

\*\*\*The Review Panel suggests that design and oversight costs associated with a proposed project not exceed 15% of the total project budget. If design and oversight costs are in excess of 15%, applications must include a justification or minimum of two competitive bids for the cost of undertaking the project.

\*\*\*\*The Review Panel recommends a maximum fencing cost of \$1.50 per foot. Additional costs may be the responsibility of the applicant and/or partners.

Additional details:

Nevada Creek Restoration Phase 6  
BUDGET TEMPLATE SHEET FOR FUTURE FISHERIES PROGRAM APPLICATIONS

007-2023

## APPLICATION MATCHING CONTRIBUTIONS

(do not include requested funds or contributions not associated with the application)

CONTRIBUTOR	IN-KIND	CASH	TOTAL	Secured? (Y/N)
Private Landowner	\$ 382,068.00	\$ 32,000.00	\$ 414,068.00	Yes
Nevada Creek Water Users Association	\$ -	\$ 13,200.00	\$ 13,200.00	Yes
USFWS Partners for Fish & Wildlife Service	\$ -	\$ 106,000.00	\$ 106,000.00	Yes
Montana Department of Environmental Quality	\$ -	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	No
IWJV	\$ -	\$ 150,000.00	\$ 150,000.00	No
Bureau of Reclamation	\$ -	\$ 175,000.00	\$ 175,000.00	No
BBCTU	\$ 12,168.00	\$ 99,867.00	\$ 112,035.00	Yes
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>\$ 394,236.00</b>	<b>\$ 676,067.00</b>	<b>\$ 1,070,303.00</b>	

## OTHER CONTRIBUTIONS

(contributions not associated with the application)

CONTRIBUTOR	IN-KIND	CASH	TOTAL	Secured? (Y/N)
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	



**Photo 1: Example of existing bank conditions and lack of instream and riparian habitat.**



**Photo 2: Reach of Nevada Creek along the toe of Douglas Canal.**

---

FWP.MT.GOVTHE **OUTSIDE** IS IN US ALL.

---

Region 2 Headquarters  
3201 Spurgin Road  
Missoula, MT 59804  
Phone 406-542-5500

November 2, 2022

Future Fisheries Improvement Program  
c/o Michelle McGree  
Montana Fish, Wildlife & Parks  
P.O. Box 200701  
1420 E. 6<sup>th</sup> Avenue  
Helena, MT 59620-0701

**RE: Nevada Creek Restoration-Phase 6**

Dear Future Fisheries Panel:

I am writing in support of the Nevada Creek Restoration-Phase 6 application submitted by the Big Blackfoot Chapter of Trout Unlimited. Habitat restoration efforts in the Nevada Creek drainage have increased in recent years, creating high-quality habitat conditions and measurable decreases in downstream sediment delivery. This project will complement the success of previous projects and is expected to provide public benefits in the form of increased trout recruitment to publicly accessible stream reaches.

Nevada Creek is a severely degraded tributary impacted from sedimentation, nutrient inputs, elevated water temperatures, and lack of instream habitat complexity. Moreover, the section of the Blackfoot River from Nevada Creek to the North Fork Blackfoot River is a high priority reach that has low densities of trout attributed to poor recruitment from tributaries. Achieving restoration goals in Nevada Creek will also improve conditions within this important section of the mainstem Blackfoot River.

The project area is directly downstream of a large irrigation canal, resulting in prolonged low-flow conditions throughout the irrigation season. The simplified instream habitat and low frequency of high-quality pools have decreased habitat capacity compared to intact sections. A recent study of radio-tagged trout documented more overwinter use than summer use in this section, suggesting potential limiting factors during the irrigation season. The proposed restoration treatments will directly address these issues.

Your continued investment in Nevada Creek will contribute to restoring the quality of aquatic resources in this large tributary, while improving conditions in the Blackfoot River. This work advances our broader fisheries management and conservation objectives in the watershed.

Please contact our Fisheries Biologist, Patrick Uthe, for any questions for FWP on this project.

Patrick Uthe, Fisheries Biologist  
Montana Fish, Wildlife & Parks  
Phone: (406) 542-5532  
Email: [Patrick.Uthe@mt.gov](mailto:Patrick.Uthe@mt.gov)

Thank you very much for consideration of this funding application.

Sincerely,



Randy Arnold  
Fish, Wildlife & Parks  
Regional Supervisor, Region 2  
[rarnold@mt.gov](mailto:rarnold@mt.gov)  
(406)542-5504

Nevada Creek Water Users Association  
PO Box 43  
Helmville, MT 59843

July 13, 2022

Review Committee  
National Fish and Wildlife Federation  
1133 Fifteenth Street NW, Suite 1000  
Washington, DC 20005

Re: Support for State of Montana America the Beautiful Challenge (AtBC) Grant Applications

To Whom It May Concern:

The Nevada Creek Water Users Association (NCWUA) strongly supports the AtBC planning and implementation grant proposals submitted by the Montana Department of Natural Resources and Conservation (DNRC). The funding through this grant will advance Montana's efforts and impact to address large-landscape conservation issues with a locally led collaborative and inclusive approach.

Nevada Creek Water Users Association and its members, as a longtime partner, support this effort because we would not only love to see the continuation of the restoration on Nevada Creek, (hopefully all the way to Blackfoot River in time.) We also want to protect the Douglas Canal and all the members of the NCWUA. We have witnessed the amazing benefits from the work done upstream of the Douglas Canal done by Big Blackfoot Chapter of Trout Unlimited (BBCTU) and its many wonderful partners. We believe that the health of the stream is instrumental in not only the native trout population but also the long-term management and efficiency of the over 6000 irrigated acres serviced by the Douglas Canal. The Douglas Canal and Nevada Creek are dangerously close along this proposed stretch. Nevada Creek could be moved further away from the Douglas Canal back to its historical channel, then it would contribute to the long-term structural integrity of the canal, as well as creating a healthier stream, minimizing erosion, and increasing fish habitat. Right now, there is one serious slough away in the bank of Nevada Creek, and several others that, given the right high-water conditions, the canal bank could wash into Nevada Creek. If this happened it would risk a long-term inability for us to deliver contracted water to over a dozen irrigators in the Helmville Valley causing extreme hardships and have a devastating financial impact to the local economy. The NCWUA board of directors and its members would be very grateful if you would consider helping fund this project.

We urge the National Fish and Wildlife Foundation to provide funding for this statewide collaborative effort that will impact Montana and neighboring states in the West who are facing the same natural resources concerns and threats.

On behalf of Nevada Creek Water Users Association, I thank you for considering this request.

Sincerely,

Jamie Stitt

*/s/ Jamie Stitt*

Board Member  
Nevada Creek Water Users Association



## United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE  
Partners for Fish and Wildlife Program  
Upsata Lake, 196 Lower Lake Side Lane  
P.O. Box 66  
Ovando, MT 59854



November 14<sup>th</sup>, 2022

Montana Fish, Wildlife and Parks  
Attn: Michelle McGree  
1420 East 6<sup>th</sup> Ave.  
Helena, MT 59620

RE: Support for the Big Blackfoot Chapter of Trout Unlimited Application to Future Fisheries

Dear Future Fisheries Panel:

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) strongly endorses projects that support our mission to conserve and manage federal trust and at-risk species, including bull trout (*Salvelinus confluentus*) and westslope cutthroat trout (*Oncorhynchus clarkii lewisi*), such as the proposal submitted by the Big Blackfoot Chapter of Trout Unlimited (BBCTU) for Phase 6 of the Nevada Creek Restoration. This project will improve instream, riparian, and wetland habitat within a working landscape through strong partnerships, following a science-based approach.

The Service's Partners for Fish and Wildlife Program has a long history of working with the associated private landowners and other partners collaborating to restore the native trout fishery in the Nevada Creek Watershed of the Blackfoot Valley. This is an extremely high priority watershed for the Service and an important tributary to the Blackfoot River, and the funding through this grant will advance BBCTU's efforts to address large-landscape conservation issues with a locally led collaborative and inclusive approach. We are excited to support the BBCTU proposal and continue to work in this landscape.

We urge the Future Fisheries Panel to provide funding for this collaborative effort. If you have any questions regarding this letter of support, please contact me at (406) 351-3078 or by email at [rebecca\\_reeves@fws.gov](mailto:rebecca_reeves@fws.gov). Thank you for considering this request.

Sincerely,

Rebecca Reeves  
Partners for Fish and Wildlife

# NEVADA CREEK PHASE 6 RESTORATION PROJECT FINAL DESIGN

## PROJECT PARTNERS



BIG BLACKFOOT CHAPTER OF  
TROUT UNLIMITED  
P.O. BOX 1  
OVANDO, MONTANA 59854



US FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE  
P.O. BOX 66  
196 LOWER LAKE SIDE LANE  
OVANDO, MONTANA 59854



MONTANA FISH, WILDLIFE & PARKS  
3201 SPURGIN ROAD  
MISSOULA, MONTANA 59804

MANNIX FAMILY

## PROJECT DESCRIPTION

BIG BLACKFOOT CHAPTER OF TROUT UNLIMITED (BBCTU), IN COOPERATION WITH MONTANA FISH, WILDLIFE & PARKS (MFWP) AND THE U.S. FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE (USFWS), RETAINED RIVER DESIGN GROUP, INC. TO DEVELOP A RESTORATION PLAN FOR A 9,100-FT REACH OF NEVADA CREEK, A THIRD ORDER TRIBUTARY TO THE MIDDLE BLACKFOOT RIVER. LOCATED APPROXIMATELY 55 MILES EAST OF MISSOULA, MONTANA, NEVADA CREEK SUPPORTS POPULATIONS OF WESTSLOPE CUTTHROAT TROUT, RAINBOW TROUT, BROWN TROUT AND OTHER FISH SPECIES. NEVADA CREEK IS AN IMPAIRED WATERBODY AND THE STREAM IS CONSIDERED NONSUPPORTING OF AQUATIC LIFE, COLD WATER FISHERY, AND CONTACT RECREATION DUE TO SEDIMENT AND HABITAT RELATED CAUSES (MDEQ 2008). PROBABLE CAUSES OF WATER QUALITY IMPAIRMENT INCLUDE LOW FLOW ALTERATION, TOTAL PHOSPHORUS, PHYSICAL SUBSTRATE, HABITAT ALTERATIONS, SEDIMENTATION/SILTATION, AND TOTAL NITROGEN. PROBABLE SOURCES OF IMPAIRMENT INCLUDE AGRICULTURE AND STREAMBANK MODIFICATION/DESTABILIZATION.

FOUR PRIOR PHASES OF WORK HAVE BEEN IMPLEMENTED ON NEVADA CREEK (2012-2020). PHASE FIVE IS SCHEDULED FOR 2022. THESE PROJECTS INVOLVED RESTORING STREAMBANK AND FLOODPLAIN CONDITIONS TO REDUCE STREAMBANK EROSION AND SEDIMENT LOADING TO NEVADA CREEK. CUMULATIVELY, THESE RESTORATION PROJECTS HAVE REDUCED SEDIMENT LOADING TO NEVADA CREEK BY SEVERAL THOUSAND TONS PER YEAR, MARKING A SIGNIFICANT ACCOMPLISHMENT IN MEETING TMDL SEDIMENT LOAD REDUCTION AND WATER QUALITY TARGETS FOR THE WATERSHED.

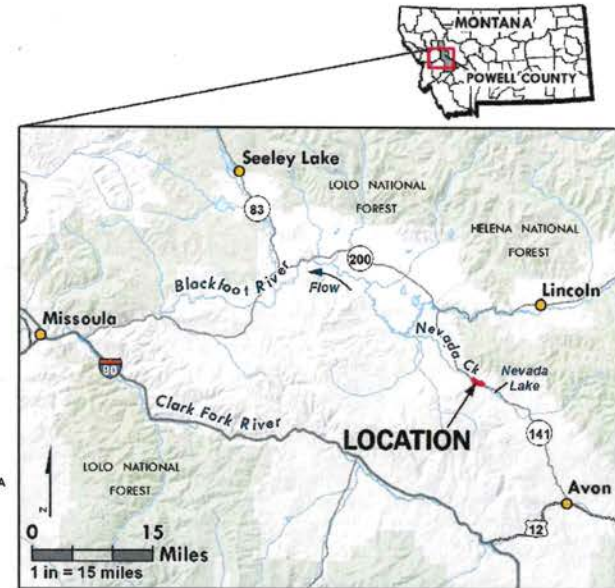
## GENERAL NOTES

1. CONTOUR INTERVAL IS NOTED ON DRAWINGS.
2. SLOPES DESIGNATED AS 2:1, 1.5:1, ET CETERA, ARE THE RATIOS OF HORIZONTAL DISTANCE TO VERTICAL DISTANCE.
3. DIMENSIONS ARE NOTED IN FEET AND TENTHS OF A FOOT.
4. TOPOGRAPHY AND CROSS SECTION GROUND LINES ARE BASED ON SURVEY WORK PERFORMED IN 2021. LIDAR DATA WAS COLLECTED BY TROUT UNLIMITED. ALL LIDAR DATA WAS COORDINATED BY RDG.
5. ALL EXISTING CONDITIONS ARE TO BE VERIFIED IN THE FIELD PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION AND ANY ADJUSTMENTS TO THE DRAWINGS SHALL BE MADE AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
6. EXISTING PRIVATE IMPROVEMENTS, WHICH LIE WITHIN THE CONSTRUCTION LIMITS, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED WILL BE REMOVED BY THE OWNER PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION, OR ABANDONED IN PLACE.
7. PROTECT ALL TREES AND LAND AREAS NOT LOCATED WITHIN THE PROJECT CONSTRUCTION STAGING OR EARTHWORK LIMITS. EXERCISE CARE IN AREAS NOT SO MARKED TO AVOID UNNECESSARY DAMAGE TO NATURAL VEGETATION.
8. THE PROJECT SPONSOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR COMPLYING WITH ALL PERMITS AND EASEMENTS INCLUDING ALL FEDERAL, STATE, COUNTY, AND LOCAL PERMIT CONDITIONS.
9. EXCAVATION, TRENCHING, SHORING, AND SHIELDING SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR PERFORMING THE WORK. THESE DRAWINGS ARE NOT INTENDED TO PROVIDE MEANS OR METHODS OF CONSTRUCTION.
10. EXCAVATION SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF OSHA 29 CFR PART 1926, SUBPART P, EXCAVATIONS. ACTUAL SLOPES SHALL NOT EXCEED THE SLOPES AS INDICATED ON DRAWINGS.
11. ALL EXCAVATORS AND BULLDOZERS SHALL BE EQUIPPED WITH MACHINE GRADE GPS ((L1/L2/GLONASS)). CONSTRUCTION AREAS WILL BE STAKED OUT PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION USING SURVEY GRADE GPS ((L1/L2/GLONASS)).
12. ENGINEER WILL PROVIDE SURVEY CONTROL AND GRADING SURFACES FOR EQUIPMENT WITH GPS MACHINE CONTROL CAPABILITY. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE SURVEY STAKING AND LAYOUT FOR CONSTRUCTION.
13. VERTICAL TOLERANCE FOR CONSTRUCTION COMPLIANCE WILL BE 0.3 FEET. HORIZONTAL TOLERANCE WILL BE 1.0 FEET.
14. CONTRACTOR SHALL CONFIRM QUANTITIES, REPORTED VOLUMES ARE NEATLINE AND DO NOT INCLUDE ADJUSTMENTS FOR COMPACTION OR OTHER FACTORS.

## DRAWING INDEX

- 1.0 COVER PAGE
- 2.0 EXISTING CONDITIONS
- 3.0 SITE PLAN AND INDEX
- 3.1 ACCESS, STAGING AND DEWATERING PLAN
- 3.2 MATERIALS AND QUANTITIES
- 4.0 PLAN VIEW AND DATA SHEET
- 4.1 GRADING PLAN AND PROFILE
- 4.2 PLAN VIEW AND DATA SHEET
- 4.3 GRADING PLAN AND PROFILE
- 4.4 PLAN VIEW AND DATA SHEET
- 4.5 GRADING PLAN AND PROFILE
- 4.6 PLAN VIEW AND DATA SHEET
- 4.7 GRADING PLAN AND PROFILE
- 4.8 PLAN VIEW AND DATA SHEET
- 4.9 GRADING PLAN AND PROFILE
- 4.10 PLAN VIEW AND DATA SHEET
- 4.11 GRADING PLAN AND PROFILE
- 4.12 PLAN VIEW AND DATA SHEET
- 4.13 GRADING PLAN AND PROFILE
- 4.14 GRADING PLAN OVERVIEW
- 5.0 CROSS SECTIONS
- 5.1 CROSS SECTIONS
- 5.2 CROSS SECTIONS
- 6.0 CHANNEL CROSS SECTION DESIGN CRITERIA
- 6.1 CHANNEL CROSS SECTION DIMENSIONS
- 6.2 LARGE WOOD STRUCTURE DETAIL
- 6.3 VEGETATED WOOD MATRIX DETAIL
- 6.4 CONSTRUCTED STREAMBED DETAIL
- 6.5 BEAVER DAM ANALOG DETAIL
- 6.6 LOG STEP POOL DETAIL
- 6.7 FLOODPLAIN TREATMENT
- 7.0 BMP DETAILS

## NEVADA CREEK PHASE 6 VICINITY MAP



LEGAL DESCRIPTION: SW<sub>1</sub>, S04, T12N R10W, P.M., M  
POWELL COUNTY, MONTANA

## STANDARD OF PRACTICE

RIVER DESIGN GROUP, INC. WORKS EXCLUSIVELY IN THE RIVER ENVIRONMENT AND UTILIZES THE MOST CURRENT AND ACCEPTED PRACTICES AVAILABLE FOR PLANNING AND DESIGN OF RIVER, FLOODPLAIN, AND AQUATIC HABITAT RESTORATION PROJECTS. CURRENT STANDARDS FOR THE DESIGN OF RESTORATION PROJECTS VARY DEPENDING ON PROJECT GOALS. STABILITY CRITERIA INCLUDE DESIGNING STREAMBED AND STREAMBANK STRUCTURES FOR THE 10-YEAR RECURRENCE INTERVAL FLOOD. HEC-RAS, A ONE-DIMENSIONAL RIVER ANALYSIS MODEL WAS USED TO COMPLETE HYDRAULIC MODELING AND EVALUATE WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS, CHANNEL AND OVERBANK SHEAR STRESSES, AND VELOCITIES FOR A RANGE OF FLOWS, INCLUDING BANKFULL DISCHARGE, THE 10-YEAR DESIGN STABILITY FLOW, AND HIGHER RETURN INTERVAL DISCHARGES INCLUDING THE 100-YEAR FLOW.

## REUSE OF DRAWINGS

THESE DRAWINGS, THE IDEAS AND DESIGNS INCORPORATED HEREIN, AS AN INSTRUMENT OF PROFESSIONAL SERVICE, ARE THE PROPERTY OF RIVER DESIGN GROUP, INC. (RDG) AND ARE NOT TO BE USED, IN WHOLE OR IN PART, FOR ANY OTHER PROJECT WITHOUT THE WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION OF RDG. LIKEWISE, THESE DRAWINGS MAY NOT BE ALTERED OR MODIFIED WITHOUT AUTHORIZATION OF RDG. DRAWING DUPLICATION IS ALLOWED IF THE ORIGINAL CONTENT IS NOT MODIFIED.



## COVER PAGE AND NOTES NEVADA CREEK PHASE 6 NEAR HELMVILLE

NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	CHK
1	06-17-23	NW	DESIGN	JM

PROJECT NUMBER  
RDG-22-017

DRAWING NUMBER

1.0

Drawing 1 of 32

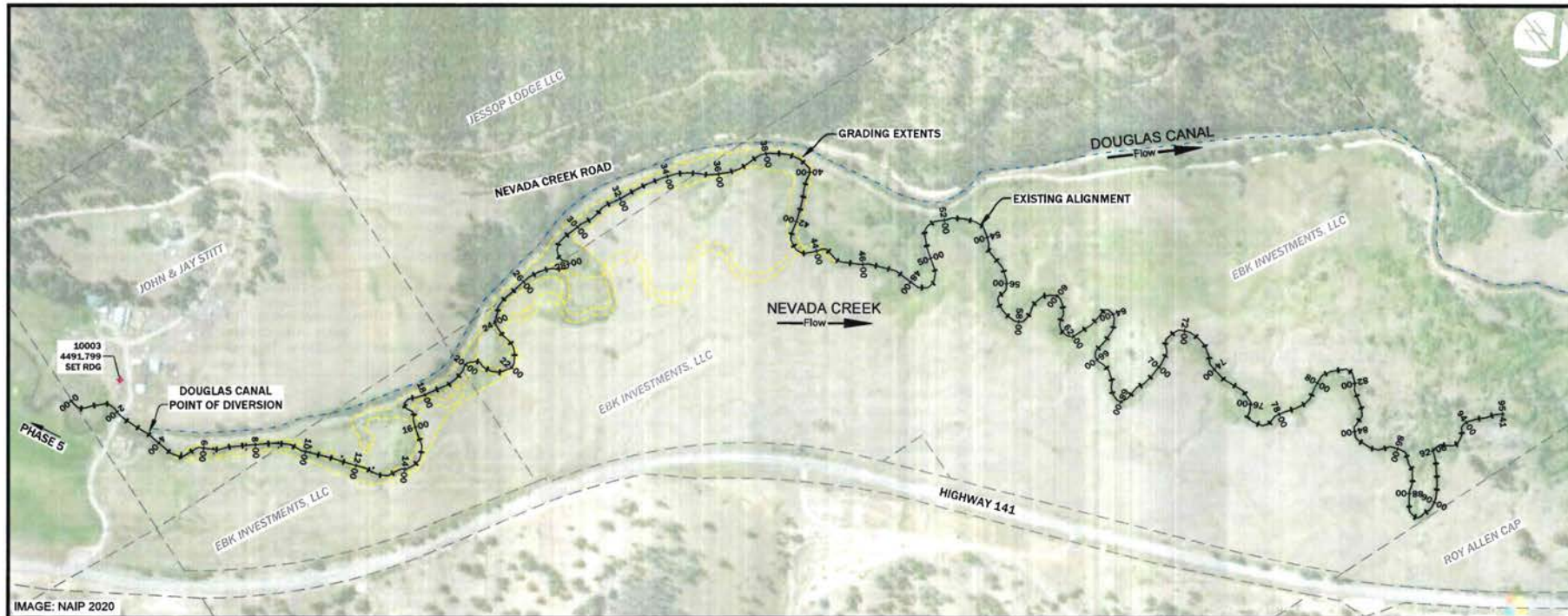


IMAGE: NAIP 2020

# 1 EXISTING CONDITIONS

1" = 400'

## EXISTING CONDITIONS

THE PHASE 6 RESTORATION PROJECT AREA IS IN THE MIDDLE NEVADA CREEK WATERSHED DOWNSTREAM OF NEVADA CREEK RESERVOIR, IN POWELL COUNTY, MONTANA. THE PROJECT AREA IS WITHIN A REACH OF NEVADA CREEK THAT IS CONSIDERED NON-SUPPORTING OF AQUATIC LIFE DUE TO SEDIMENT AND HABITAT RELATED IMPAIRMENTS. WATER USE CLASS IS B-1, WHICH INCLUDE WATERS CLASSIFIED SUITABLE FOR DRINKING, CULINARY, AND FOOD PROCESSING PURPOSES; BATHING, SWIMMING AND RECREATION; GROWTH AND PROPAGATION OF SALMONID FISHES AND ASSOCIATED AQUATIC LIFE; WATERFOWL AND FURBEARERS; AND AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL WATER SUPPLY. PROBABLE CAUSES OF IMPAIRMENT INCLUDE STREAMSIDE ALTERATIONS, TOTAL NITROGEN, TOTAL PHOSPHORUS, PHYSICAL SUBSTRATE HABITAT ALTERATIONS, SEDIMENT, AND TEMPERATURE. PROBABLE SOURCES INCLUDING GRAZING IN RIPARIAN AREAS, AGRICULTURE, AND STREAMBANK MODIFICATIONS/DESTABILIZATION. APPROXIMATELY 50% OF STREAMBANKS IN THE PROJECT AREA (8,808 FEET) DISPLAY MODERATE TO VERY HIGH BANK ERODIBILITY HAZARD RATINGS, CONTRIBUTING OVER 689 TONS PER YEAR OF SEDIMENT TO NEVADA CREEK.

WITHIN THE PROJECT AREA, NEVADA CREEK IS CHARACTERIZED AS A SLIGHTLY TO MODERATELY ENTRENCHED, GRAVEL DOMINATED, C STREAM TYPE WITH ALTERNATING POOL AND RIFFLE HABITAT FEATURES. SEGMENTS OF THE REACH ARE MODERATELY TO HIGHLY ENTRENCHED DUE TO CHANNEL ENLARGEMENT AND LACK OF FLOODPLAIN CONNECTIVITY (F4 STREAM TYPE INCLUSIONS). THE CAUSE OF THE DEGRADED SYSTEM IS ASSOCIATED WITH PREVIOUS HEAVY GRAZING PRESSURE THAT CONVERTED A WOODY RIPARIAN VEGETATION COMMUNITY TO A PREDOMINANTLY GRASS/FORB COMMUNITY; STREAMBANKS ARE SUSCEPTIBLE TO EROSION BY MASS FAILURE, FLUVIAL ENTRAINMENT, FREEZE/THAW, DRY RAVEL, AND OTHER EROSIONAL PROCESSES (WILDLAND HYDROLOGY, 2018). BED MATERIALS ARE PREDOMINANTLY GRAVEL AND COBBLE WITH A HIGH PERCENTAGE OF SANDS AND SILTS (I.E. BIMODAL DISTRIBUTION). BANK EROSION, LACK OF FLOODPLAIN CONNECTION, AND LOSS OF WETLAND AND RIPARIAN VEGETATION ARE PRIMARY LIMITING FACTORS IN THE PROJECT AREA.

TO DATE, RESTORATION PROJECTS ON NEVADA CREEK HAVE INCLUDED GRAZING MANAGEMENT PLANS, INSTALLATION OF FISH SCREEN, AND IMPLEMENTATION OF VARIOUS RESTORATION STRATEGIES TO SET THE SYSTEM ON A TRAJECTORY THAT IS SELF-MAINTAINING IN THE LONG-TERM. THE PHASE 6 RESTORATION PROJECT FURTHERS THE RESTORATION STRATEGIES SUCCESSFULLY EMPLOYED ON PREVIOUS PROJECT PHASES.

THE CONSTRAINTS AND LIMITING FACTORS IDENTIFIED DURING THE GEOMORPHIC INVESTIGATION INCLUDE:

- HIGH CHANNEL ENTRENCHMENT AND DISCONNECTED (FORMER) FLOODPLAIN SURFACES.
- CHANNELIZED AND STRAIGHTENED STREAM SECTIONS. APPROXIMATELY 2,000 FT OF CHANNEL IS ENTRAINED ALONG THE TOE OF THE DOUGLAS CANAL EMBANKMENT, RESULTING IN FLOODPLAIN DISCONNECTION.
- MODERATE TO VERY HIGH BANK ERODIBILITY CONDITIONS RESULTING IN SEDIMENT LOADING TO THE SYSTEM.
- LACK OF WOODY RIPARIAN SHRUBS, STREAM COVER AND SHADE.
- PAST BANK STABILIZATION PRACTICES, PRIMARILY RIPRAP ALONG THE DOUGLAS CANAL, LIMIT CHANNEL MARGIN COMPLEXITY.
- SIMPLIFIED AQUATIC HABITAT CONDITIONS, INCLUDING LOW POOL FREQUENCY AND LONG RIFFLE HABITAT UNITS WITH A HIGH PERCENTAGE OF FINE SEDIMENT.

## CONTROL POINTS

POINT NUMBER	EASTING	NORTHING
10003	1129853.1380'	953279.8570'

POINT ELEVATION	RAW DESCRIPTION
4491.799'	5/8" REBAR WITH A 2" ALUMINUM CAP MARKED "RDG"

## PROJECT DATUM

THE PROJECT COORDINATES ARE BASED ON THE FOLLOWING:

HORIZONTAL PROJECTION:	MONTANA STATE PLANE
HORIZONTAL DATUM:	NAD83 (CORS96 2002.00)
UNITS:	US SURVEY FEET
VERTICAL DATUM:	NAVD88 (GEOID 9)



## EXISTING CONDITIONS

### NEVADA CREEK PHASE 6

### NEAR HELMVILLE

NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	CHK
1	06-17-22	NW	DESIGN	JM
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				

PROJECT NUMBER

RDG-22-017

DRAWING NUMBER

2.0

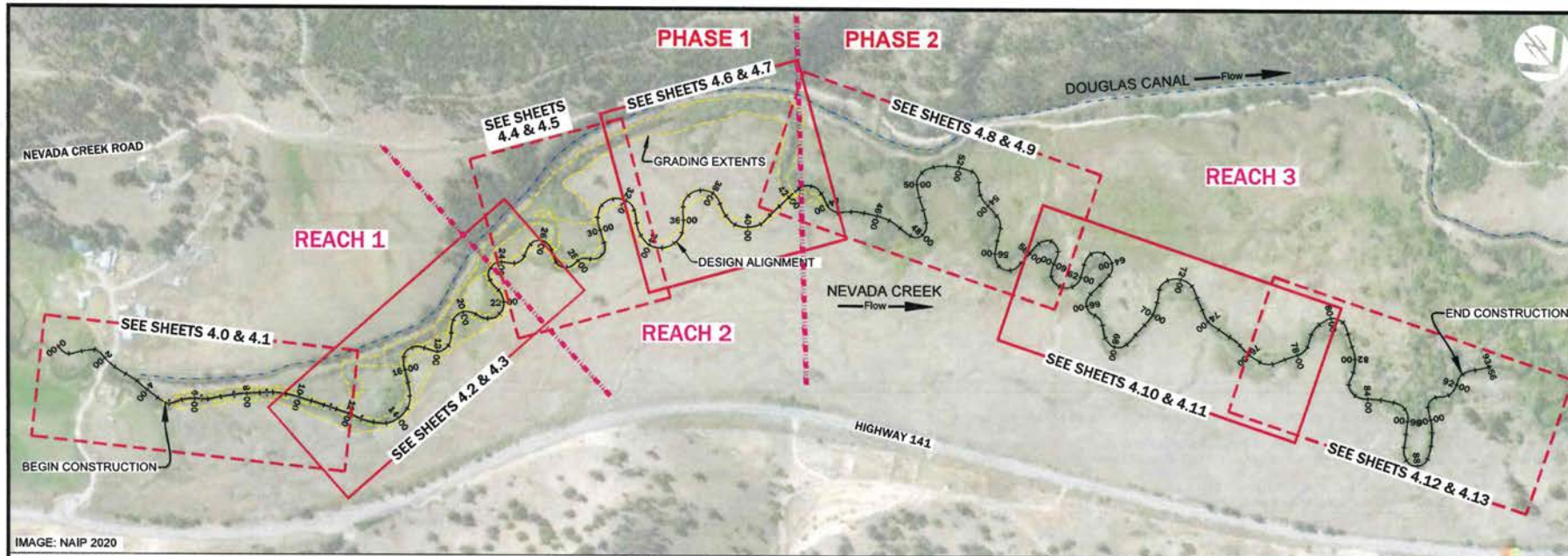


IMAGE: NAIP 2020

# 1 SITE PLAN

1" = 400'

## RESTORATION ALTERNATIVES

RESTORATION ALTERNATIVES FOR THE NEVADA CREEK PHASE 6 RESTORATION PROJECT WERE DEVELOPED BY RIVER DESIGN GROUP IN CONSULTATION WITH BBCTU, MFWP, USFWS, PRIVATE LANDOWNERS, AND THE NEVADA CREEK WATER USERS' ASSOCIATION. IN REACH 1 OF THE PROJECT AREA, THE CHANNEL BED ELEVATION WILL BE SLIGHTLY RAISED TO RECONNECT FORMER FLOODPLAIN SURFACES (I.E. TERRACES) IN REACH 2. STREAMBANKS WILL BE TREATED WITH VEGETATION AND WOOD TO INCREASE ROUGHNESS AND PROVIDE SHADE AND COVER TO THE CHANNEL. THE EXISTING STREAMBED WILL BE RESHAPED TO FORM RIFFLE, RUN, POOL AND GLIDE HABITAT FEATURES. RESTORATION STRATEGIES IN REACH 1 WILL CONVERT THE CURRENTLY ENTRENCHED, F STREAM TYPE TO AN UNCONFINED, RIFFLE-POOL C STREAM TYPE.

IN REACH 2, APPROXIMATELY 1,950 FEET OF CHANNEL WILL BE RECONSTRUCTED IN RELIC MEANDER SCROLLS ON FORMER FLOODPLAIN SURFACES, RAISING THE CHANNEL BY 2 FEET ON AVERAGE COMPARED TO EXISTING CONDITIONS. AN ESTIMATED 6.5 ACRES OF FLOODPLAIN WILL BE RECONNECTED TO NEVADA CREEK DURING NORMAL ANNUAL PEAK FLOWS. MATERIAL EXCAVATED FROM NEW CHANNEL CONSTRUCTION WILL BE PLACED IN REPOSITORIES (I.E. EXISTING ABANDONED CHANNEL) ADJACENT TO THE DOUGLAS CANAL EMBANKMENT.

THE UPPER PORTION OF REACH 3 IS CHARACTERIZED BY MULTIPLE CHANNEL-SPANNING BEAVER DAM STRUCTURES THAT PROVIDE HIGH FLOODPLAIN CONNECTIVITY AND RIVERINE COMPLEXITY. IN REACH 3, ERODING STREAMBANKS ARE PRIMARILY MIDDLE TO HIGH TERRACES THAT CURRENTLY SUPPORT UPLAND VEGETATION. THESE SURFACES WILL BE LOWERED TO BANKFULL ELEVATION TO ENCOURAGE DEVELOPMENT OF HERBACEOUS AND SCRUB-SHRUB WETLAND COMMUNITIES. SIMILAR TO REACHES 1 AND 2, PORTIONS OF THE EXISTING STREAMBED WILL BE RESHAPED TO FORM RIFFLE, RUN, POOL AND GLIDE HABITAT FEATURES.

THE PROJECT INCORPORATES A GRAZING PLAN THAT MANAGES GRAZING WITHIN THE FLOODPLAIN CORRIDOR. EXCLOSURE FENCING, WATER GAPS, AND OFF-CHANNEL WATERING SOURCES WILL BE INSTALLED AS COMPONENTS TO THE PLAN.

## RESTORATION TREATMENTS

THE RESTORATION PLAN FOCUSES ON RESTORING ERODING STREAMBANKS, RE-ESTABLISHING PROPER CHANNEL CROSS-SECTION, PLAN FORM AND LONGITUDINAL PROFILE DIMENSIONS, AND IDENTIFYING OPPORTUNITIES TO INCREASE FLOODPLAIN CONNECTIVITY. SPECIFICALLY, THE FOLLOWING GUIDELINES WERE USED IN DEVELOPING THE DESIGN:

- MINIMIZE STREAMBED TREATMENTS AND UTILIZE ON-SITE NATIVE MATERIAL FOR CHANNEL SHAPING AND RECONSTRUCTION, TO THE GREATEST EXTENT PRACTICAL.
- INCORPORATE VEGETATED WOOD AND BRUSH MATRIX STRUCTURES. INCORPORATE LARGE WOOD STRUCTURES WHERE NECESSARY FOR BANK STABILIZATION AND POOL HABITAT DEVELOPMENT/ENHANCEMENT. LARGE WOOD STRUCTURES SHOULD BE PRIMARILY SUBMERGED BELOW THE BASE FLOW WATER SURFACE ELEVATION.
- SHAPE THE CHANNEL TO FORM THE APPROPRIATE CHANNEL DIMENSIONS WITHIN THE OVER-WIDENED STREAM CORRIDOR, INCLUDING RIFFLE, RUN, POOL AND GLIDE CHANNEL HABITAT FEATURES;
- EXPAND THE FLOODPLAIN IN ENTRENCHED SECTIONS BY REACTIVATING HISTORICAL MEANDERS AND LOWERING AND EXPANDED HIGH SURFACES TO BANKFULL ELEVATION.
- INCREASE AQUATIC HABITAT COMPLEXITY IN AREAS WHERE COST LIMITS MORE ACTIVE RESTORATION OPPORTUNITIES.
- MITIGATE WATER QUALITY AND HABITAT IMPACTS WHERE THE STREAM INTERACTS WITH THE DOUGLAS CANAL EMBANKMENT.

## RESTORATION OBJECTIVES

THE FOLLOWING OBJECTIVES WERE DEVELOPED BY PROJECT STAKEHOLDERS:

- IMPROVE INSTREAM AQUATIC HABITAT CONDITIONS FOR SALMONIDS BY LOWERING CHANNEL WIDTH-TO-DEPTH RATIOS, INCREASING POOL FREQUENCY, OVERHEAD COVER, CHANNEL MARGIN COMPLEXITY, AND THE DISTRIBUTION OF RIFFLE, RUN, POOL AND GLIDE CHANNEL HABITAT UNITS.
- DECREASE SURFACE WATER TEMPERATURE BY REDUCING CHANNEL WIDTH-TO-DEPTH RATIOS, INCREASING VEGETATION COVER AND SHADE, AND ENHANCING HYPORHEIC FLOW EXCHANGE BETWEEN THE FLOODPLAIN, WETLANDS, AND CHANNEL.
- REDUCE SEDIMENT SUPPLY BY RESTORING STREAMBANKS WITH VEGETATION AND WOOD.
- IMPLEMENT FLOODPLAIN RESTORATION TREATMENTS THAT SET THE STAGE FOR NATURAL RECRUITMENT OF RIPARIAN VEGETATION.
- IMPLEMENT A GRAZING MANAGEMENT PLAN TO PROTECT SENSITIVE FLOODPLAIN AND RIPARIAN AREAS.
- UTILIZE NATURAL CHANNEL DESIGN TECHNIQUES AND AVOID THE USE OF HARDENED, NON-DEFORMABLE STRUCTURES SUCH AS ROCK AND LOG VANES, WEIRS, AND OTHER CHANNEL SPANNING STRUCTURES.



## SITE PLAN AND INDEX

### NEVADA CREEK PHASE 6

#### NEAR HELMVILLE

NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	CHK
1	06-17-23	NW	DESIGN	JM

PROJECT NUMBER  
RDG-23-017

DRAWING NUMBER  
3.0



## TOTAL WOOD QUANTITIES

ITEM	QUANTITY	DIAMETER	LENGTH	ROOTWAD
CATEGORY 1 WOOD	204	10-12 IN	25 FT	YES
CATEGORY 2 WOOD	7,587	3-6 IN	20 FT	OPTIONAL
CATEGORY 3 WOOD	7,830	< 3 IN	10-12 FT	OPTIONAL
WILLOW CUTTINGS	57,600	0.25-1.0 IN	8 FT	NO

NOTE:  
CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO CUT TO LENGTH CATEGORY 1-3 WOOD TO MEET STRUCTURE DIMENSIONS AS REPORTED ON THE DETAIL DRAWINGS.

## TOTAL ROCK QUANTITIES

ITEM	QUANTITY (EA)	DIAMETER (IN)
CATEGORY 1 ROCK	2,042	8-12

ITEM	QUANTITY (CY)	SIZE (IN)	GRADATION	PERCENT PASSING	REPRESENTATIVE CLASS
STREAMBED/STREAMBANK FILL	2,400				
		6		95	D100
		5		90-95	D95
		4		85-90	D84
		3		65-85	D65
		2		50-65	D50
		1		30-50	D35
		0.5		20-30	D15
		0.08		20	

## TOTAL EARTHWORK QUANTITIES

ITEM	QUANTITY (CY)
CUT	6,700
BACKFILL	15,960
NET CUT	9,260

NOTE:  
VOLUMES ARE NEATLINE, CONTRACTOR TO APPLY EXPANSION FACTORS TO DETERMINE A MORE ACCURATE BACKFILL VOLUME.

## LARGE WOOD STRUCTURE QUANTITIES



ITEM	QUANTITY (EA)
LARGE WOOD STRUCTURES	38
CATEGORY 1 WOOD	190
CATEGORY 2 WOOD	950
CATEGORY 3 WOOD	950
WILLOW CUTTINGS	7,600

## VEGETATED WOOD MATRIX QUANTITIES

ITEM	QUANTITY
VEGETATED WOOD MATRIX TYPE 1	4,980 LF
VEGETATED WOOD MATRIX TYPE 2	4,280 LF
VEGETATED WOOD MATRIX TYPE 3	730 LF
CATEGORY 2 WOOD	6,420 EA
CATEGORY 3 WOOD	6,790 EA
WILLOW CUTTINGS	50,000 EA
STREAMBANK FILL	1,400 CY
SOD MAT	1 AC



## CONSTRUCTED CHANNEL STREAMBED QUANTITIES



ITEM	QUANTITY (EA)
CONSTRUCTED RIFFLE	2,500 LF
CATEGORY 1 ROCK	2,000
STREAMBED FILL	1,000
CATEGORY 2 WOOD	70

## LOG STEP POOL QUANTITIES



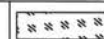
ITEM	QUANTITY (EA)
LOG STEP POOL	7
CATEGORY 1 WOOD	14
CATEGORY 2 WOOD	21
CATEGORY 1 ROCK	42
NON WOVEN GEOTEXTILE FABRIC	245 LF
RING SHANK NAILS	140

## BEAVER DAM ANALOG QUANTITIES



ITEM	QUANTITY (EA)

## FLOODPLAIN TREATMENT QUANTITIES



ITEM	QUANTITY (EA)
FLOODPLAIN TREATMENT	3.6 AC
CATEGORY 2 WOOD	126
CATEGORY 3 WOOD	90



# MATERIALS AND QUANTITIES

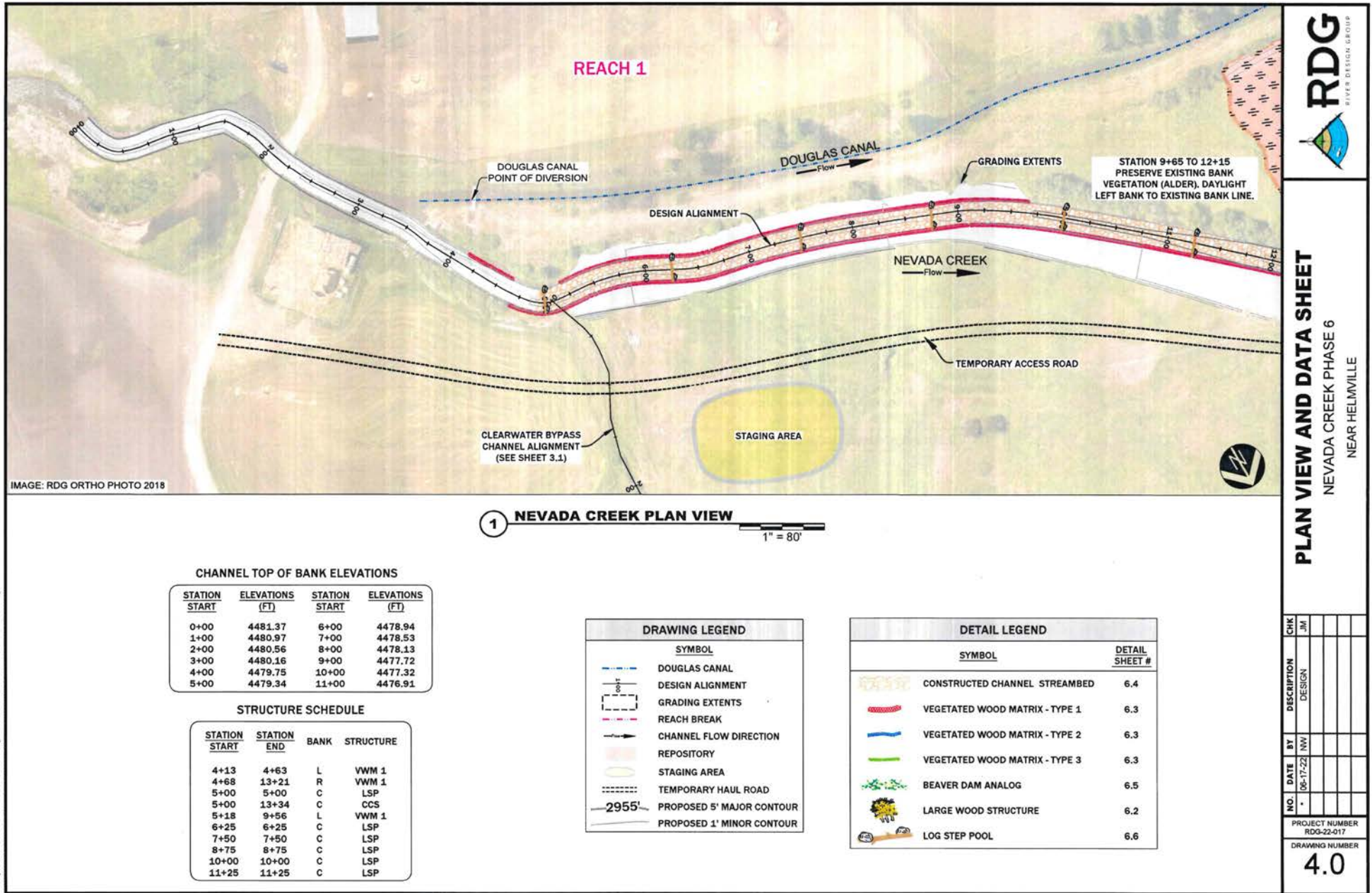
NEVADA CREEK PHASE 6  
NEAR HELMVILLE

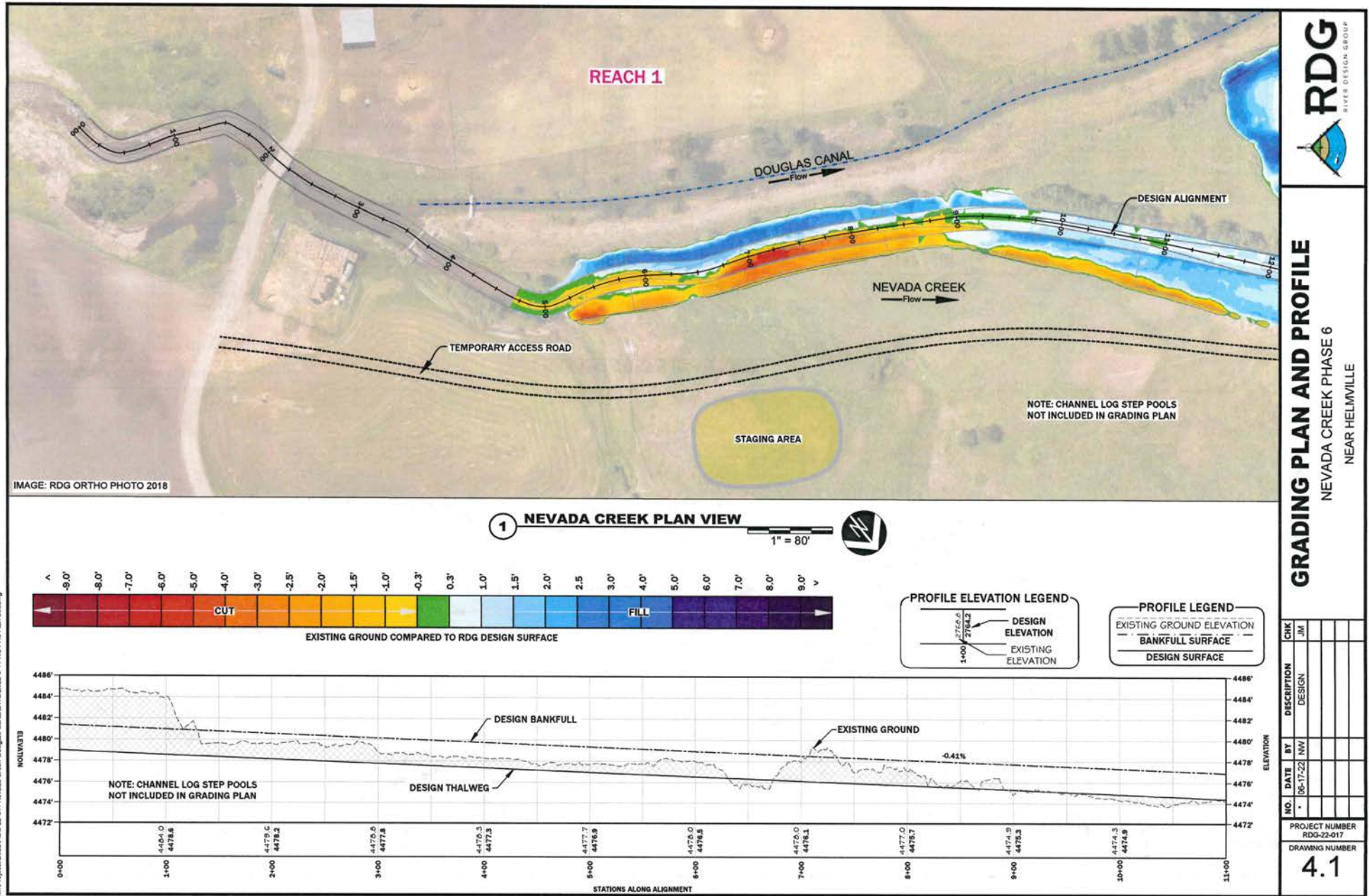
NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	CHK
1	05-17-23	NW	DESIGN	JM

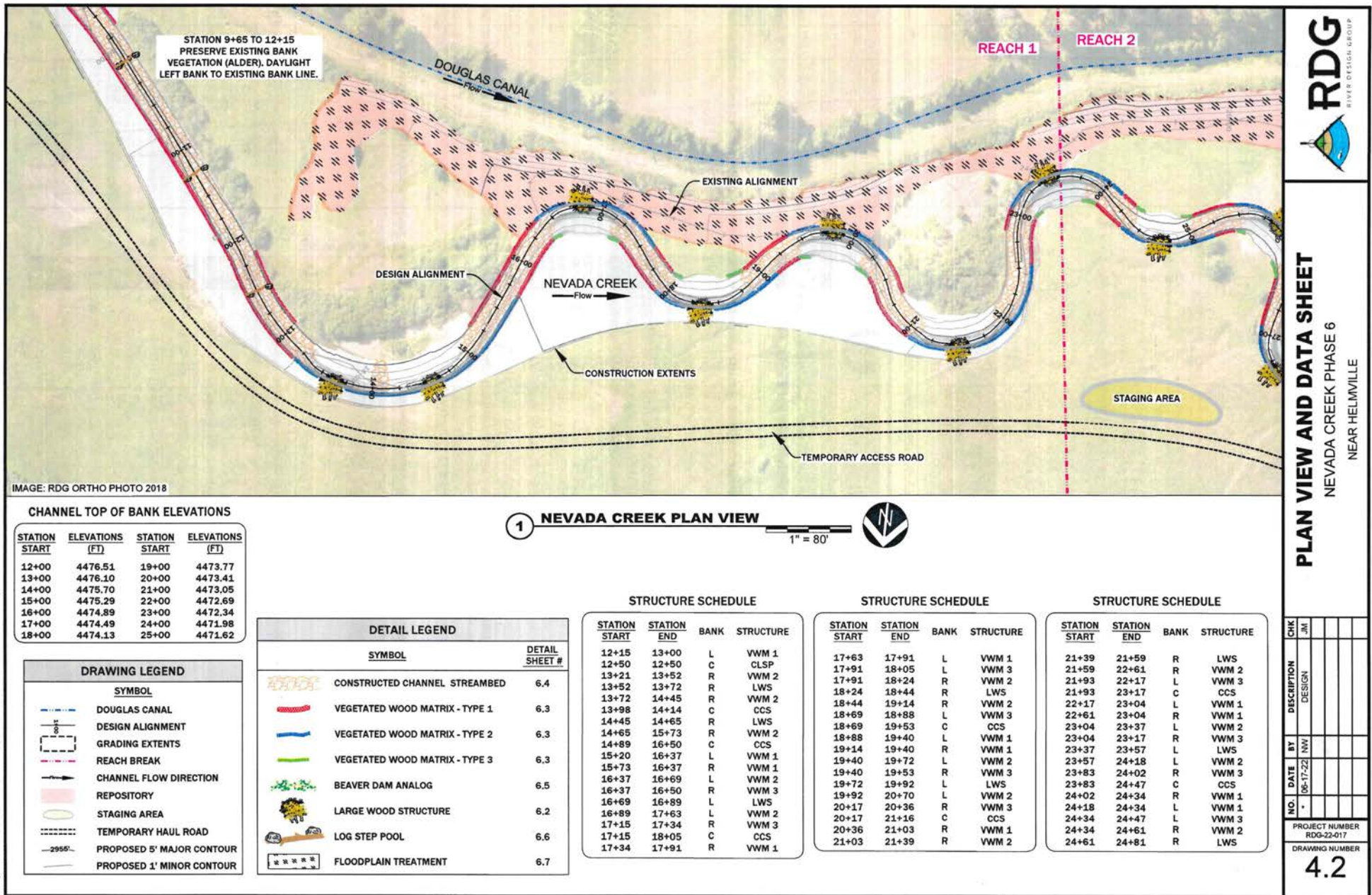
PROJECT NUMBER  
RDG-22-017

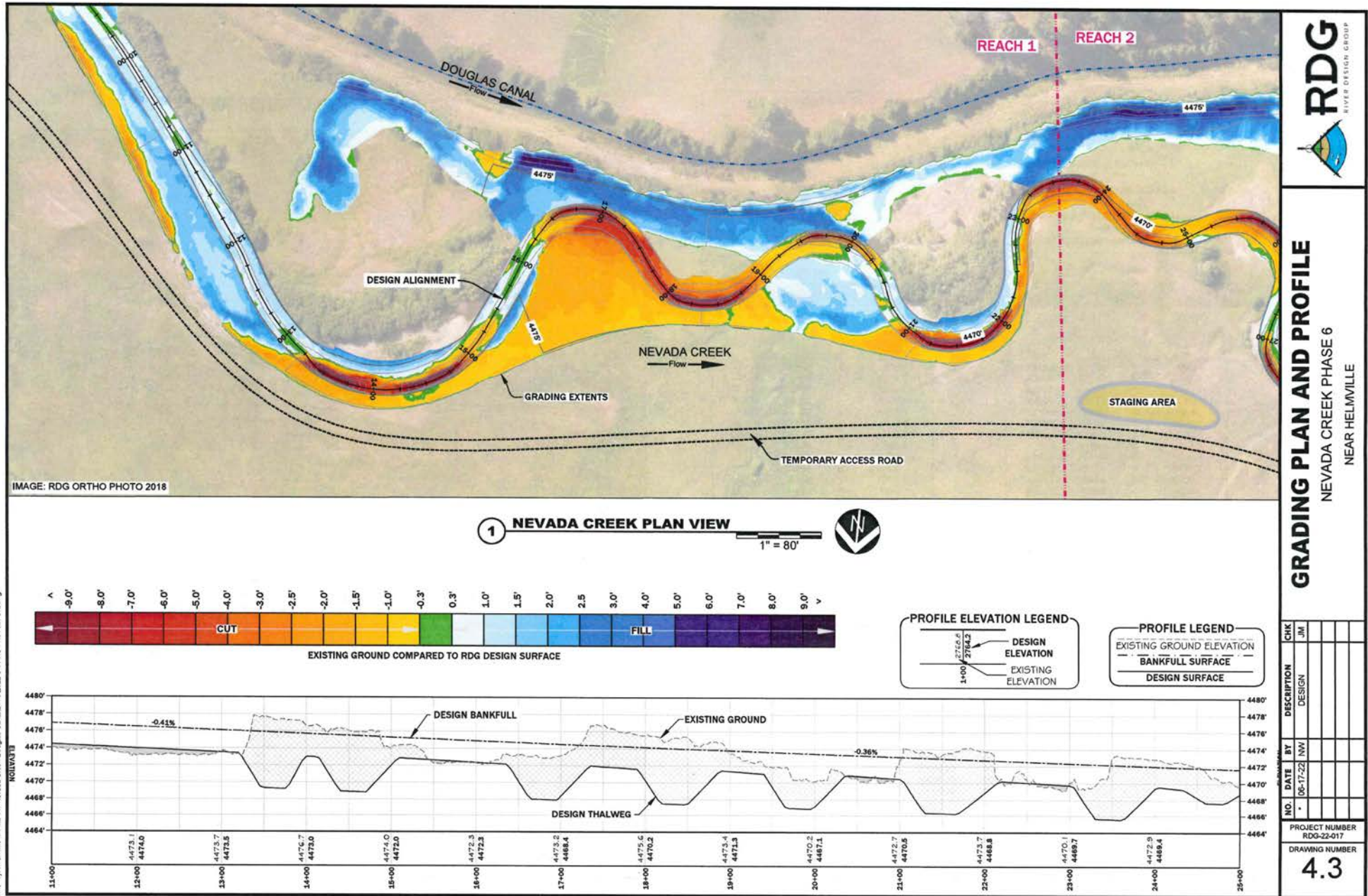
DRAWING NUMBER

3.2

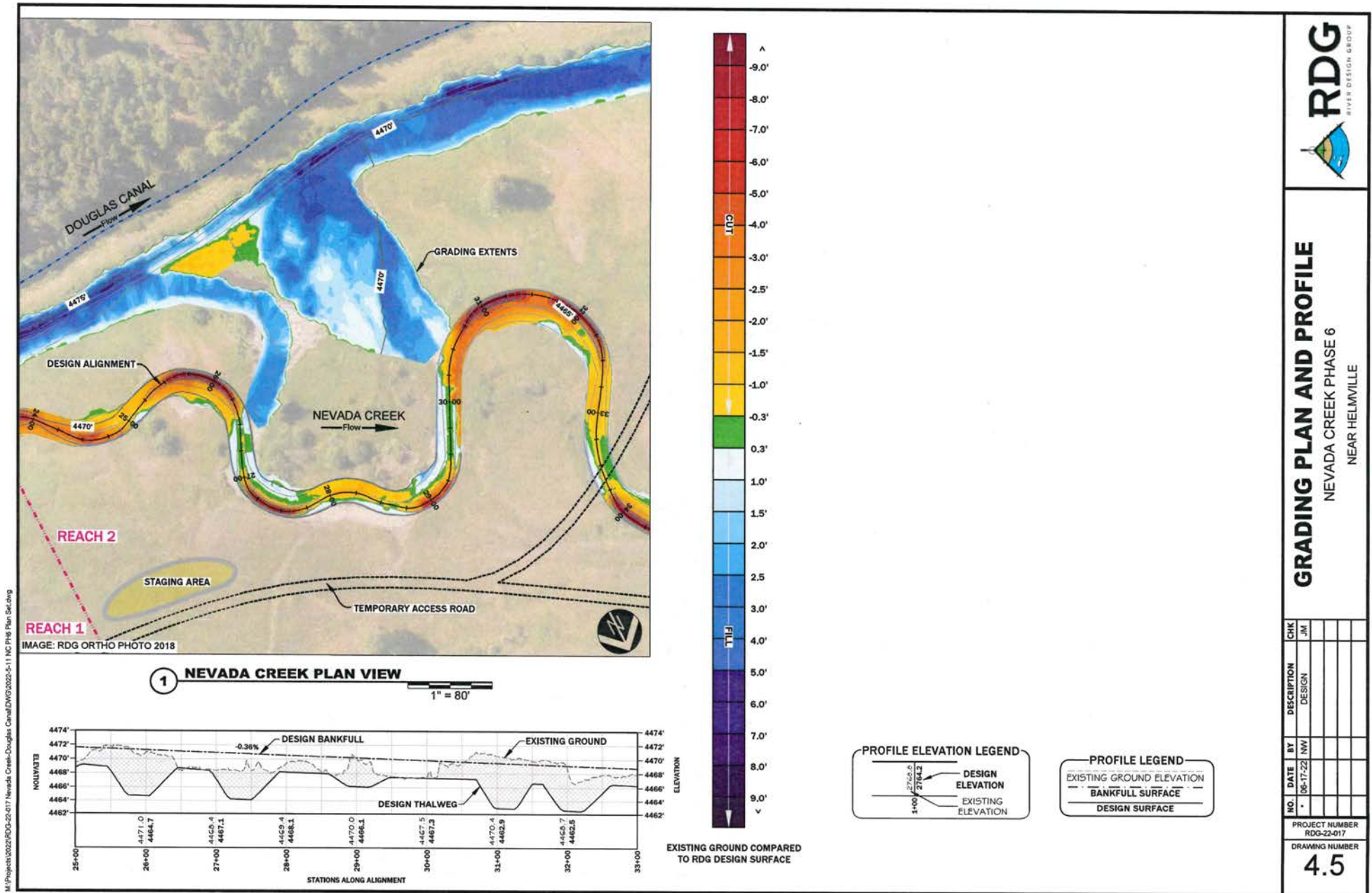


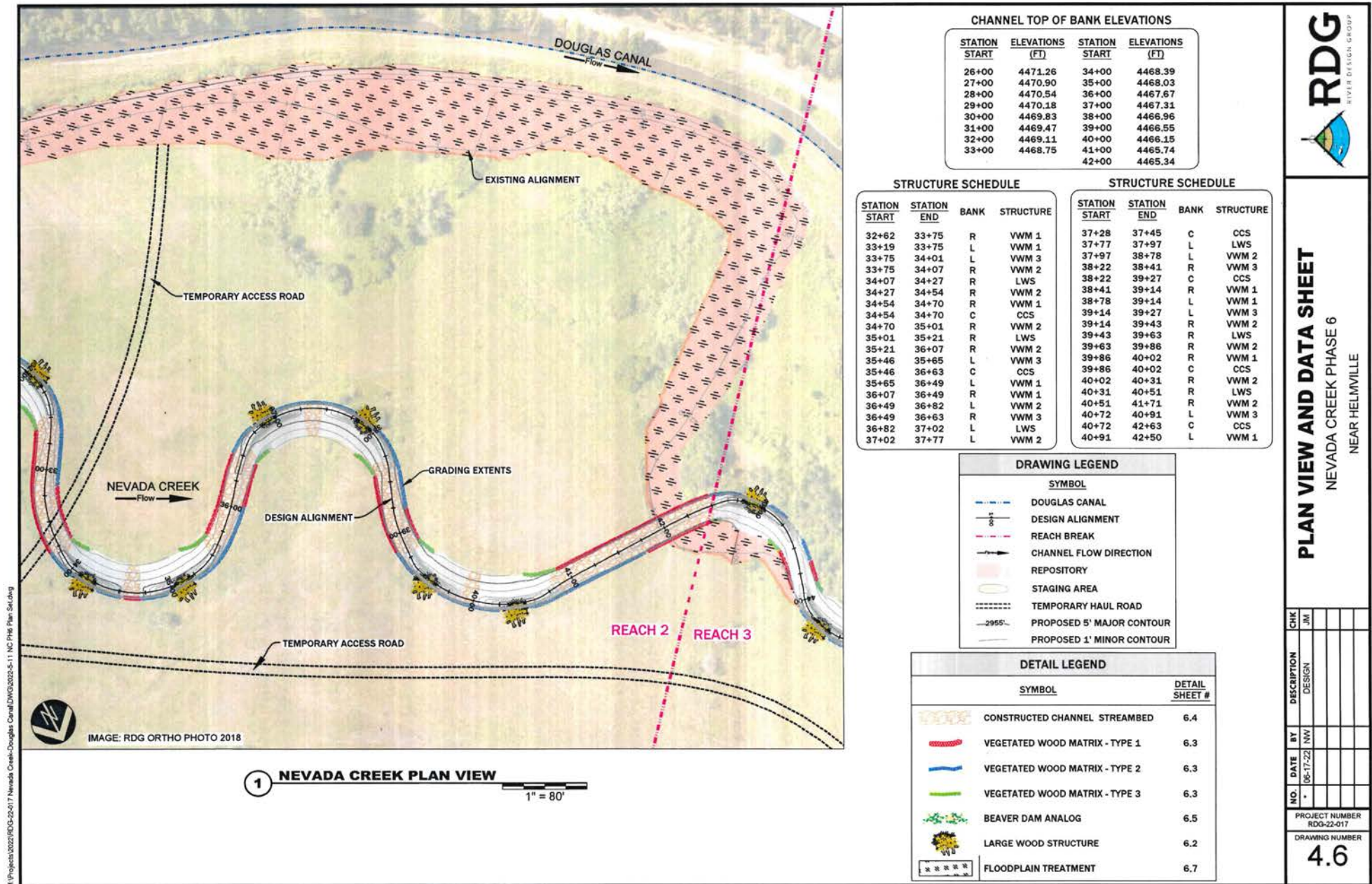


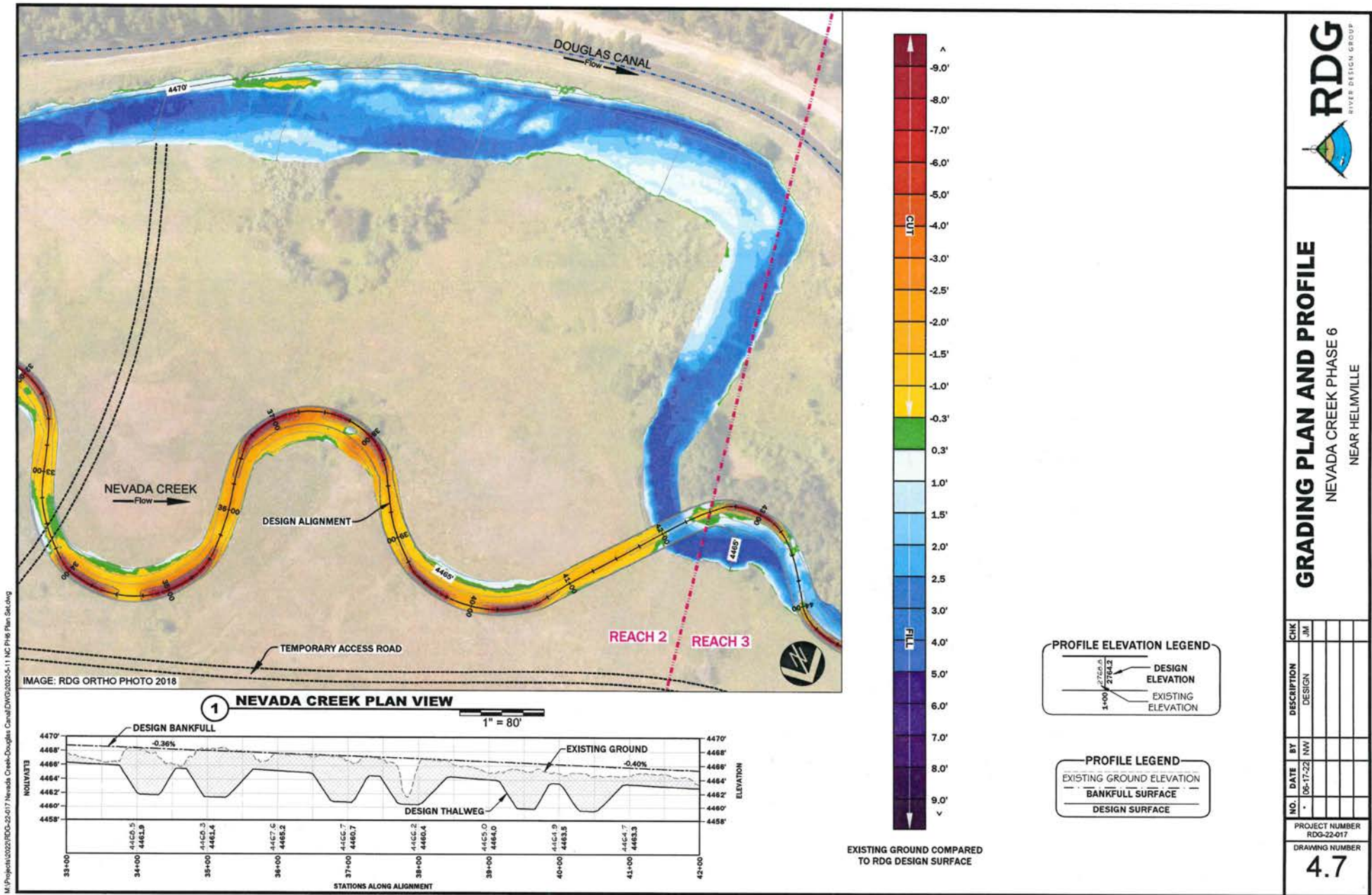


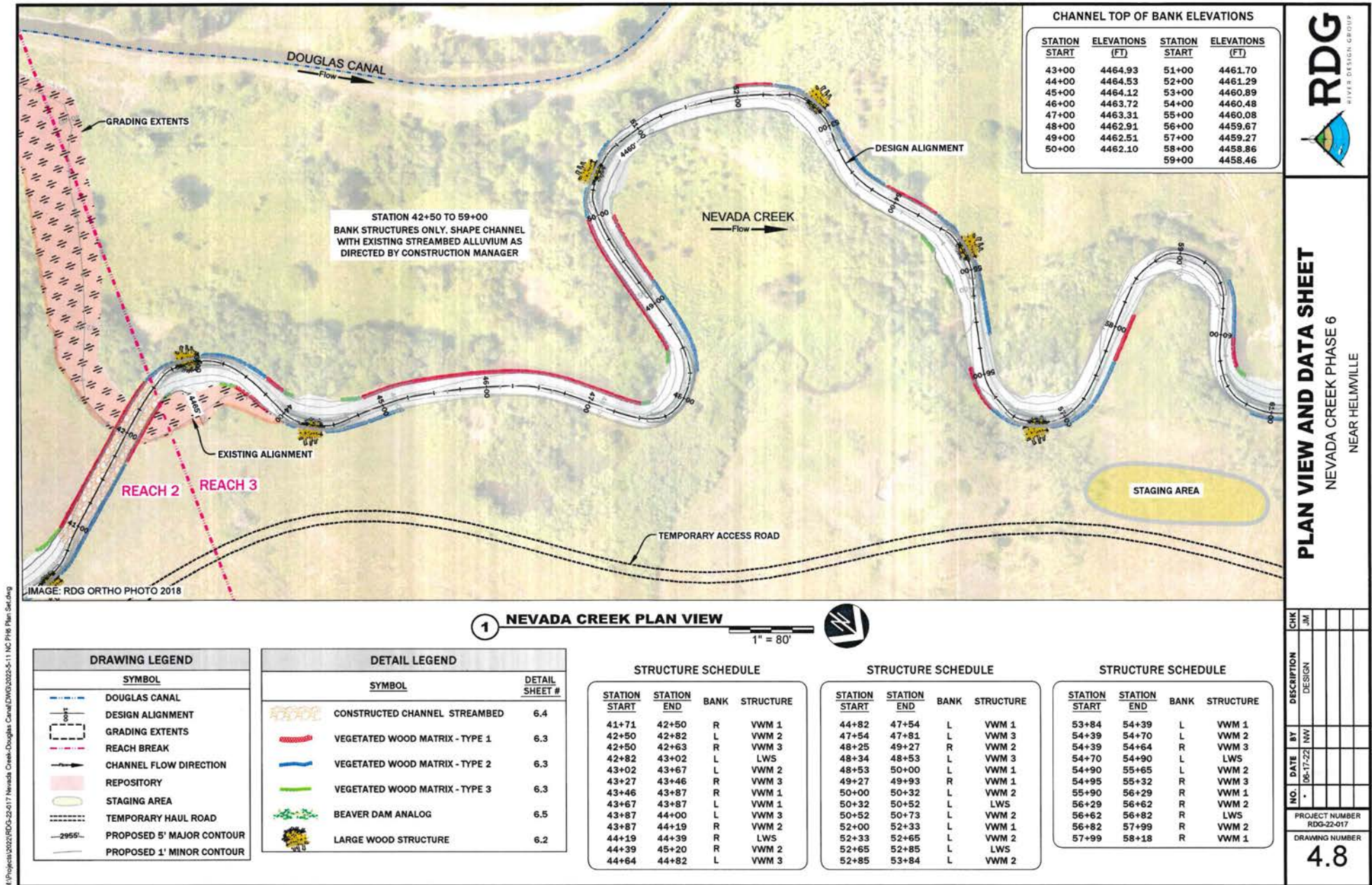


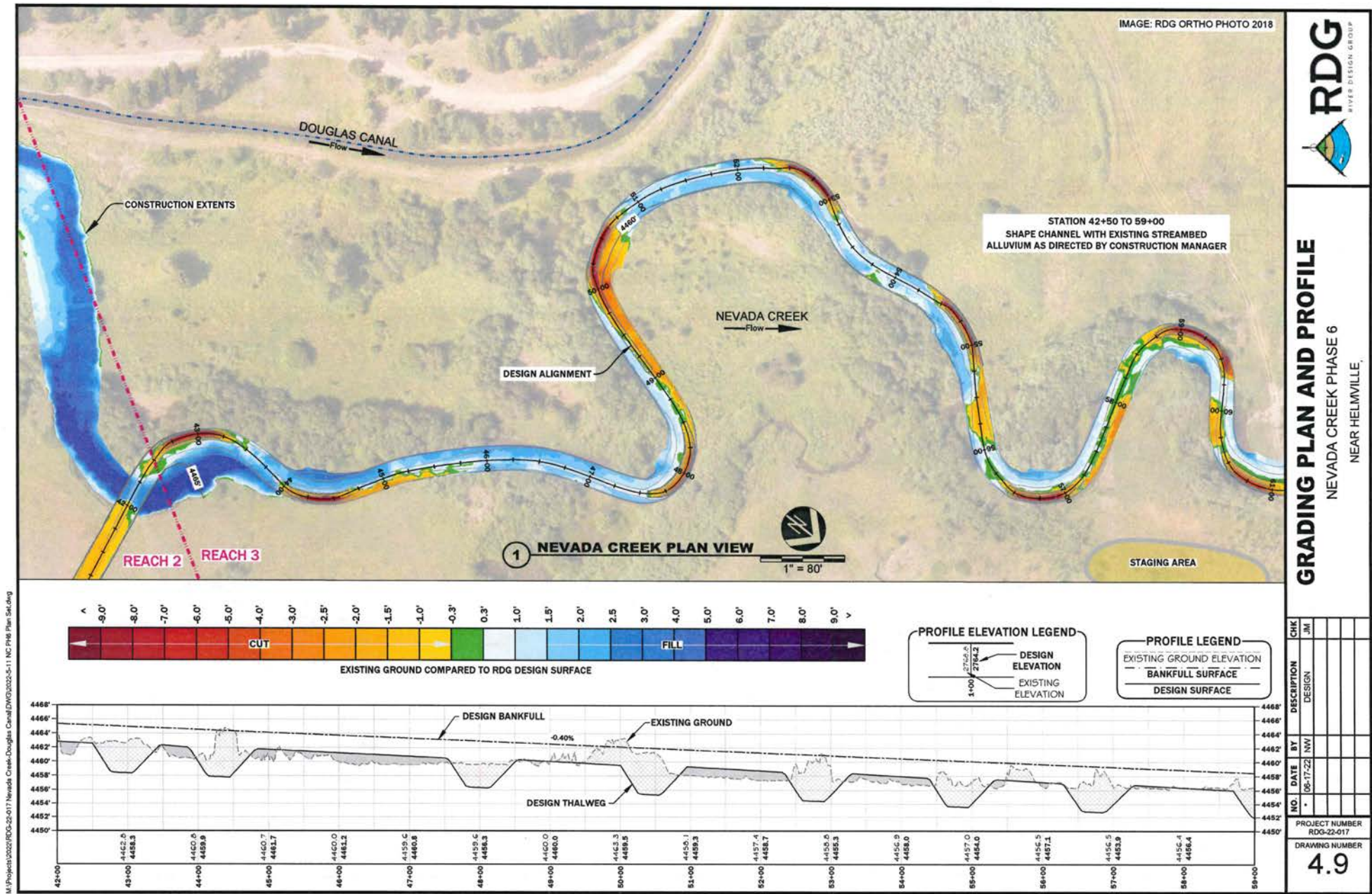


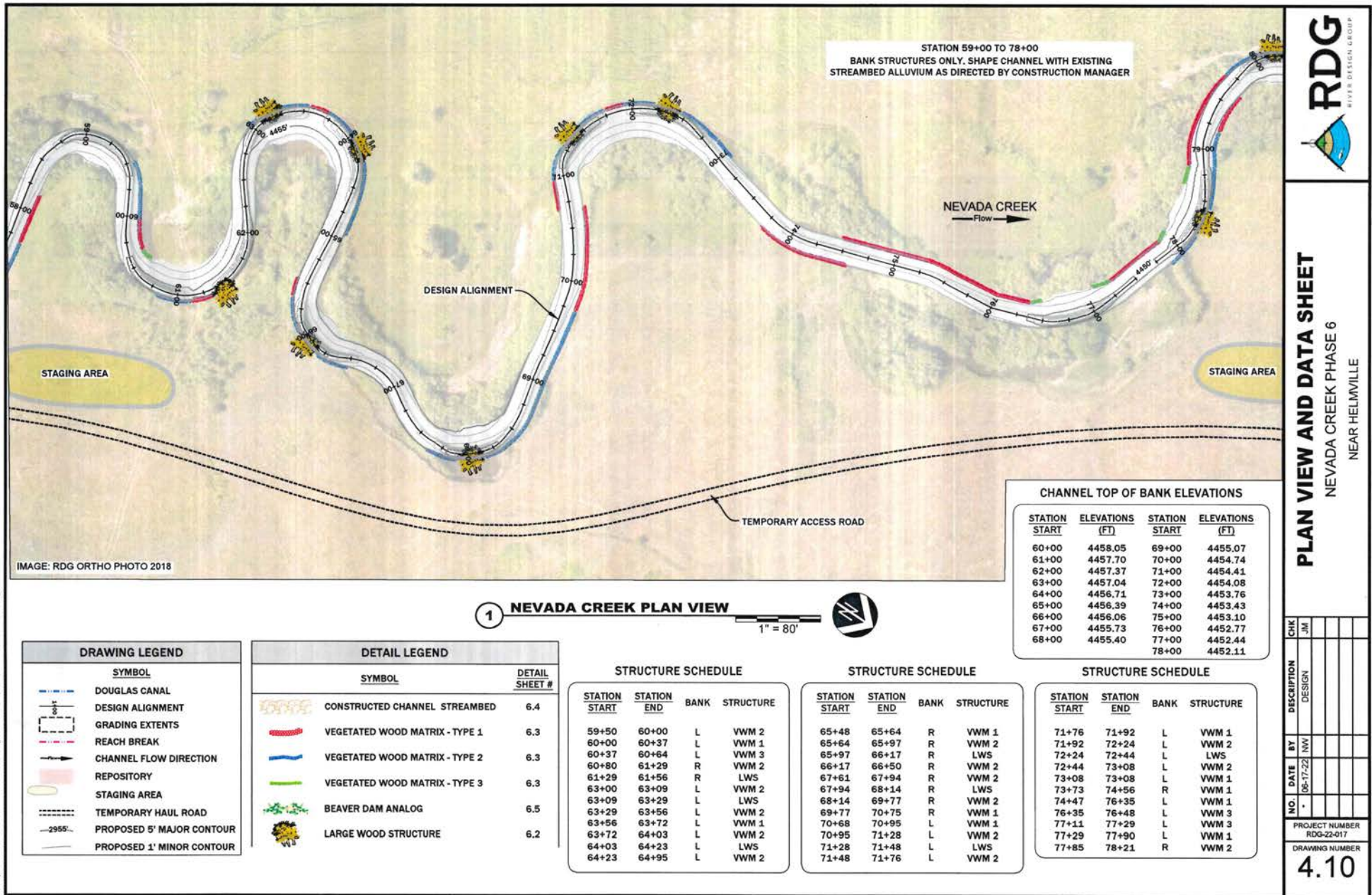


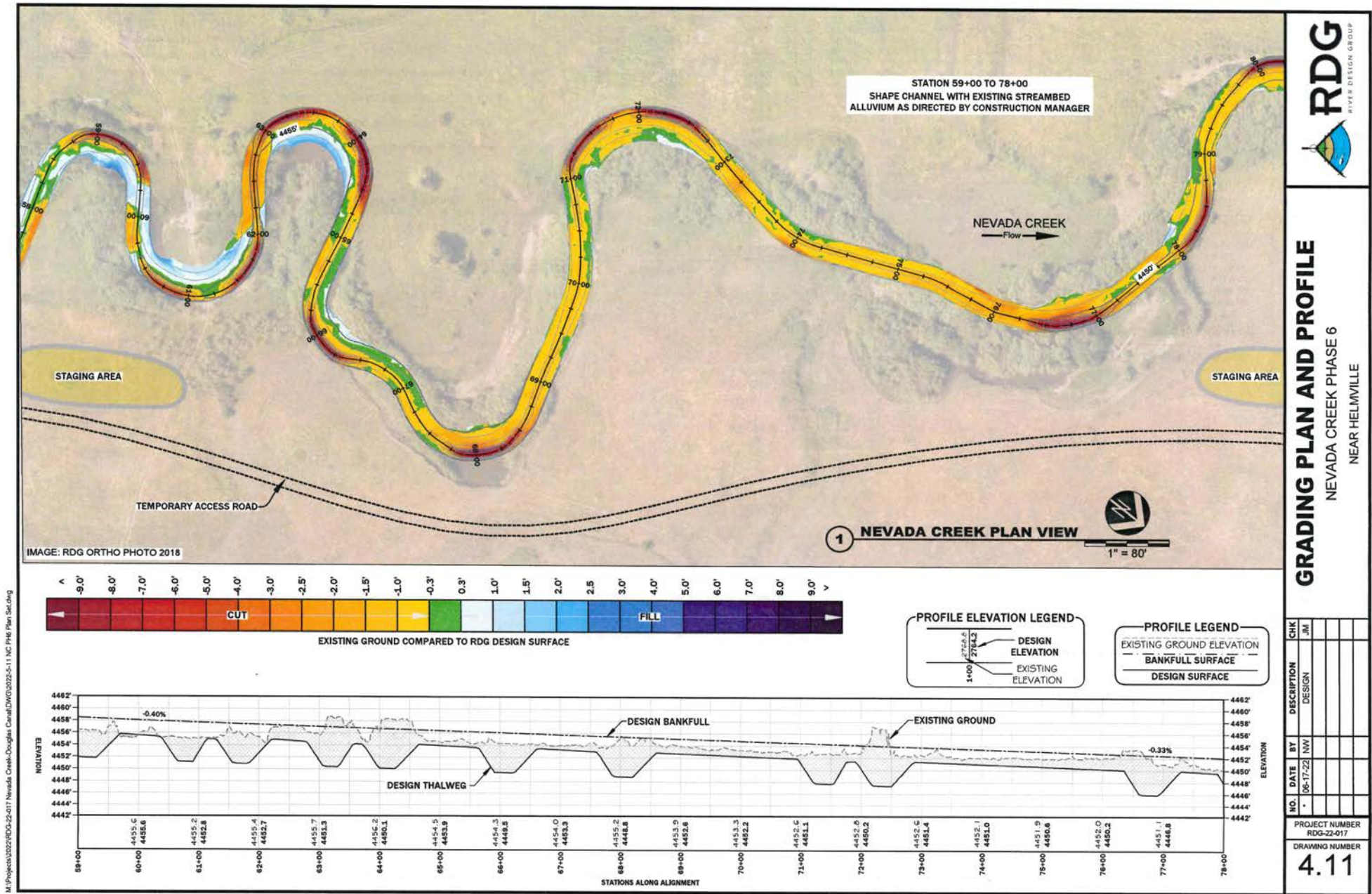


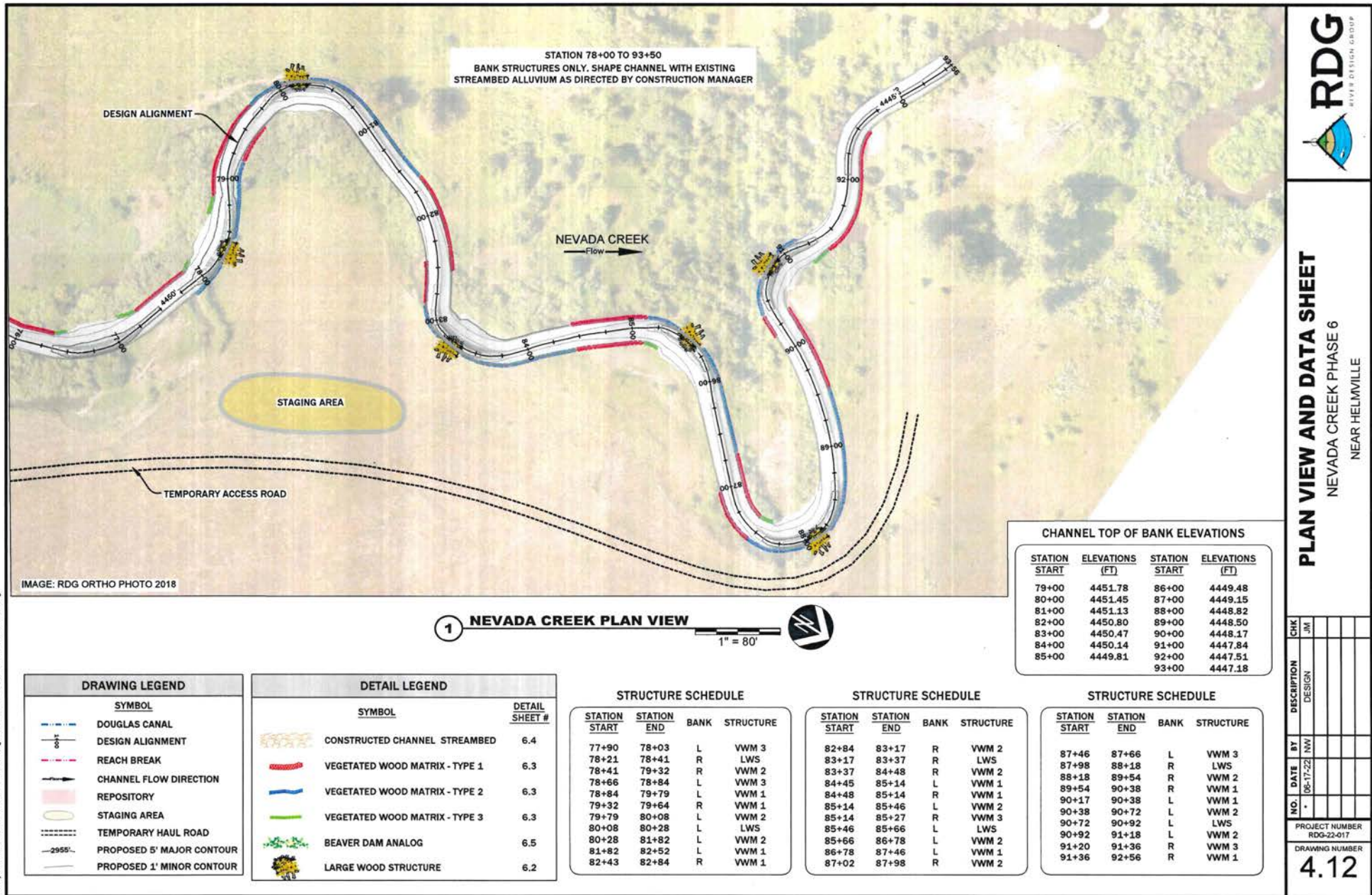


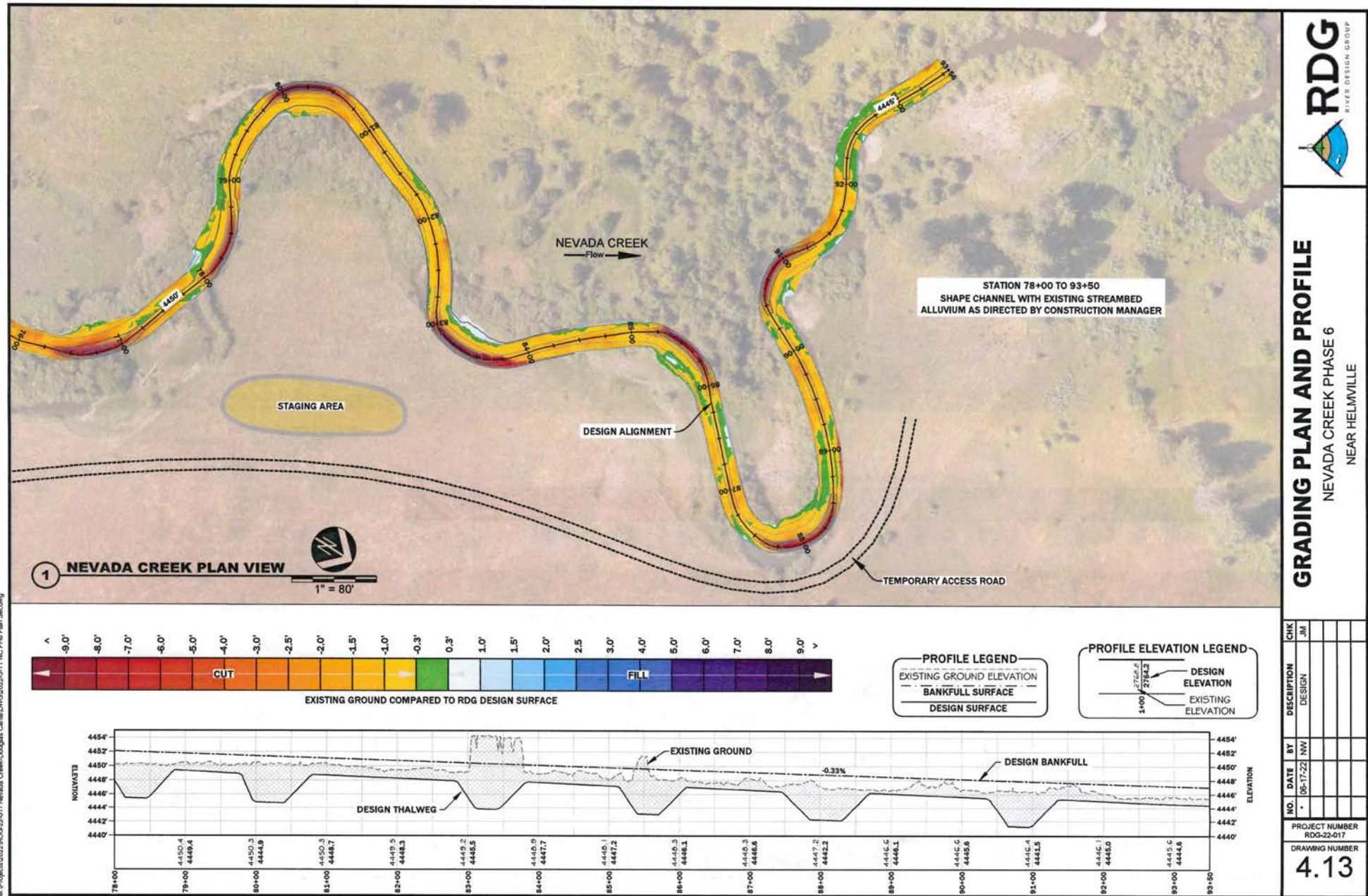




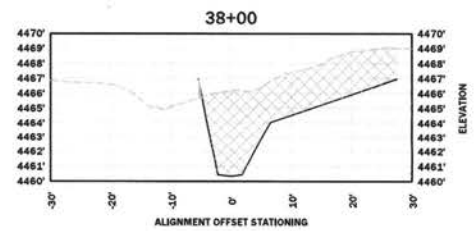
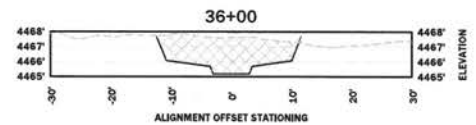
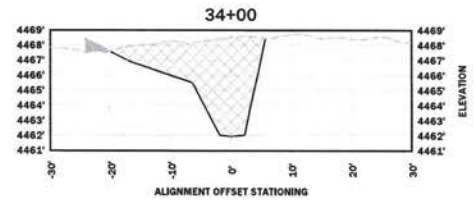
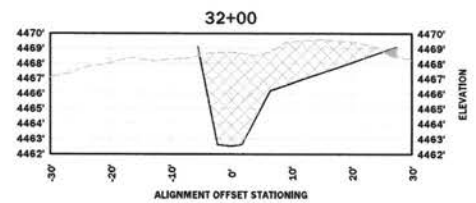
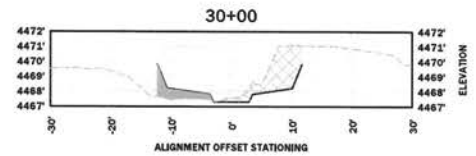
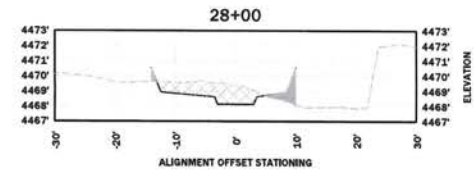
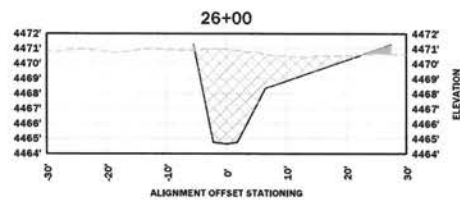
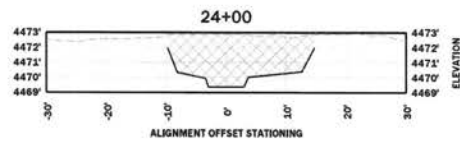
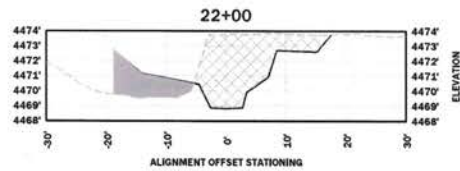
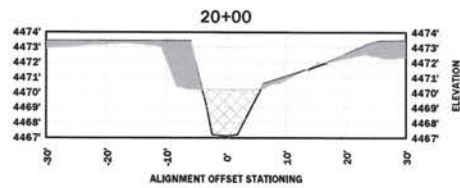
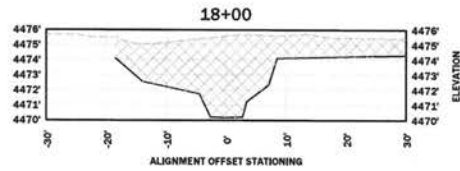
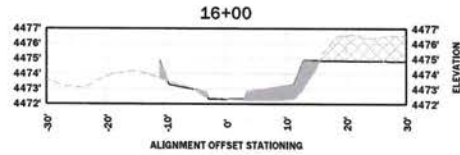
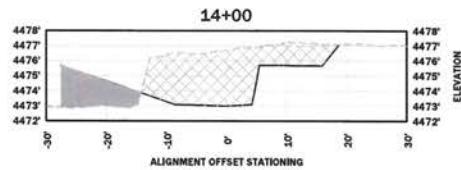
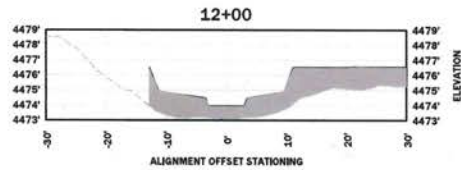
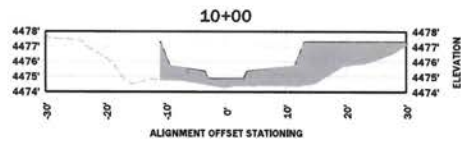
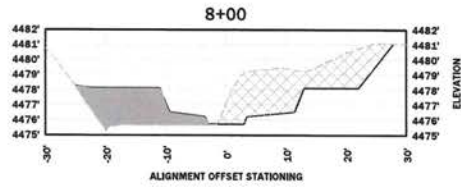
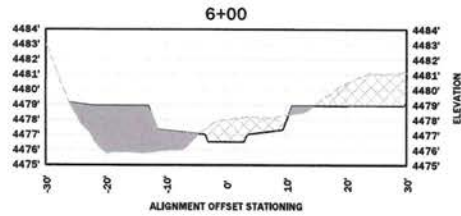












NOTE: CROSS SECTIONS MAY REPRESENT DESIGN CHANNEL ONLY FOR STREAMBED GRADING AS DIRECTED BY CONSTRUCTION MANAGER. RDG SHALL PROVIDE A BANKFULL SURFACE TO GUIDE DESIGNATED BANK CONSTRUCTION.



# CROSS SECTIONS

## NEVADA CREEK PHASE 6

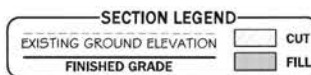
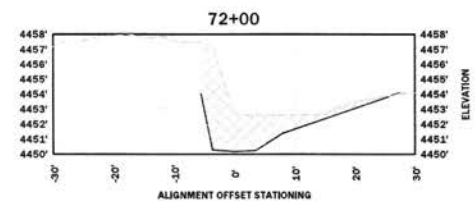
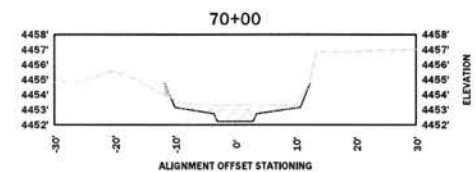
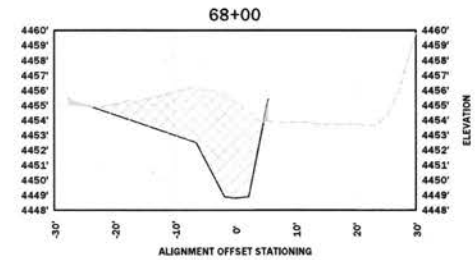
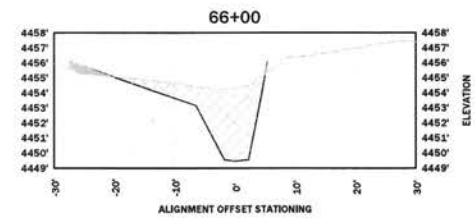
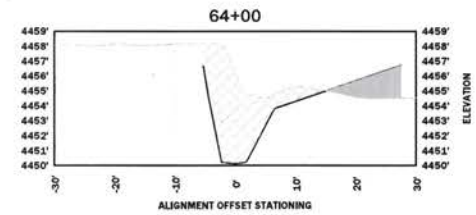
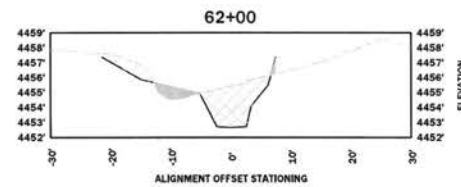
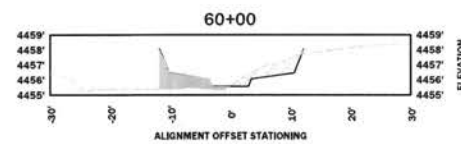
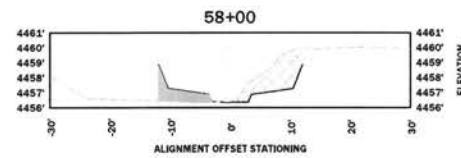
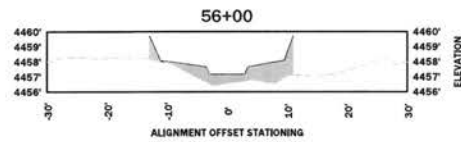
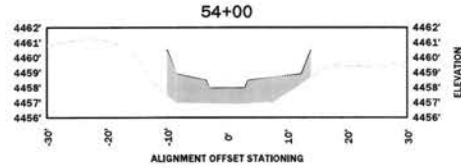
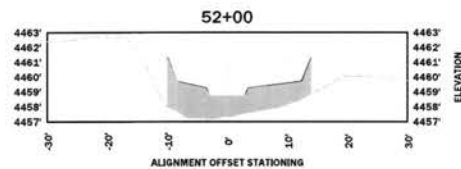
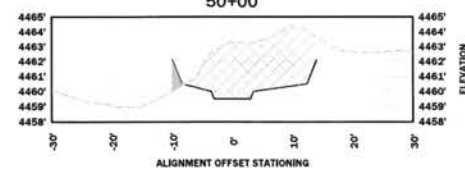
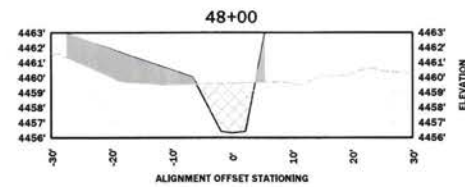
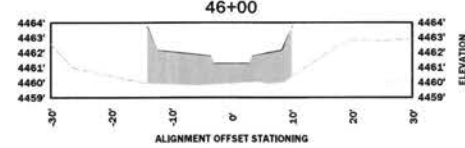
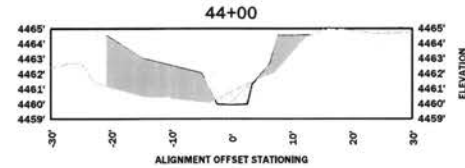
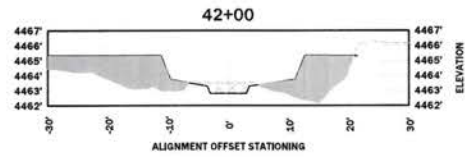
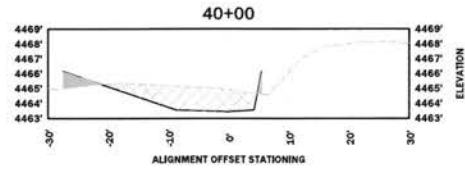
### NEAR HELMVILLE

NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	CHK
1	06-17-22	NW	DESIGN	JM

PROJECT NUMBER  
RDG-22-017

DRAWING NUMBER

5.0



NOTE: CROSS SECTIONS MAY REPRESENT DESIGN CHANNEL ONLY FOR STREAMBED GRADING AS DIRECTED BY CONSTRUCTION MANAGER. RDG SHALL PROVIDE A BANKFULL SURFACE TO GUIDE DESIGNATED BANK CONSTRUCTION.



**CROSS SECTIONS**  
NEVADA CREEK PHASE 6  
NEAR HELMVILLE

NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	CHK
1	05-17-23	NW	DESIGN	JM

PROJECT NUMBER  
RDG-22-017

DRAWING NUMBER

5.1



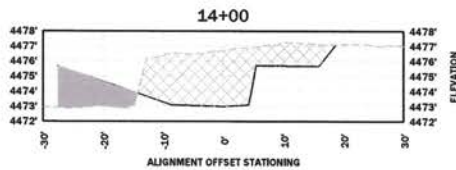
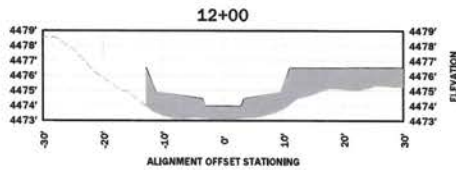
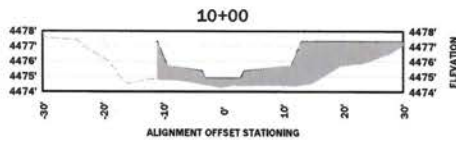
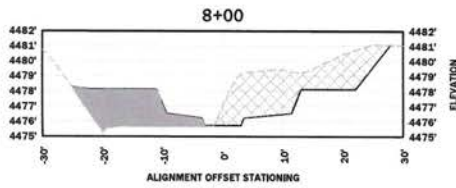
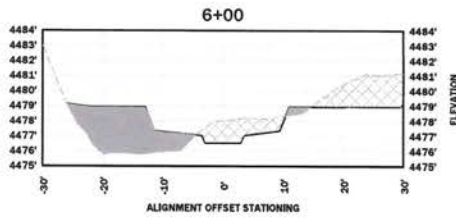
# CROSS SECTIONS

NEVADA CREEK PHASE 6  
NEAR HELMVILLE

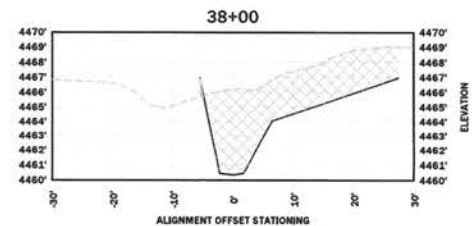
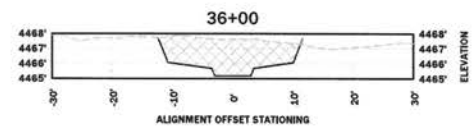
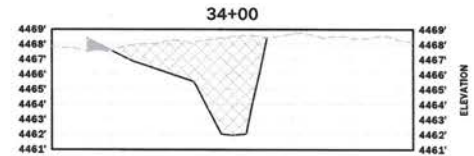
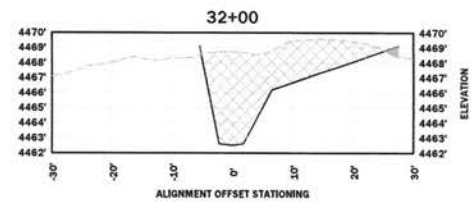
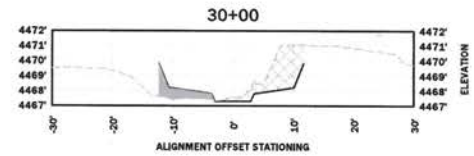
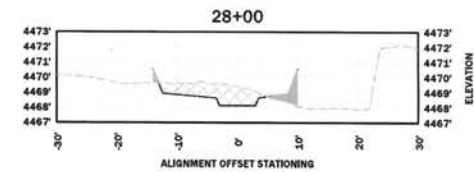
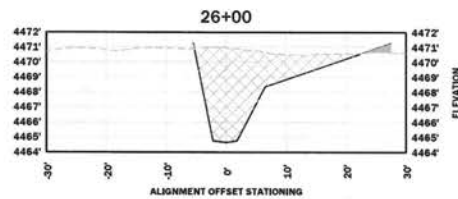
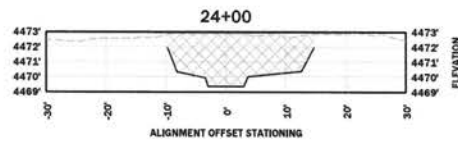
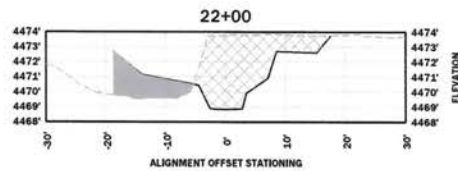
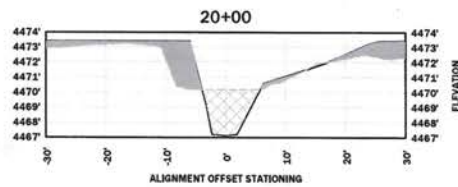
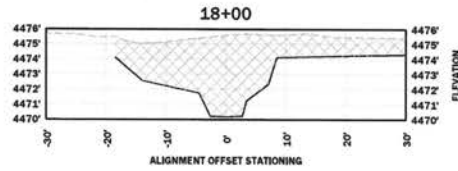
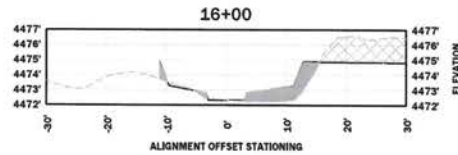
NO.	DATE	BY	CHK	DESCRIPTION
1	06-17-22	NW	JM	DESIGN

PROJECT NUMBER  
RDG-22-017

DRAWING NUMBER  
**5.2**



NOTE: CROSS SECTIONS MAY REPRESENT DESIGN CHANNEL ONLY FOR STREAMBED GRADING AS DIRECTED BY CONSTRUCTION MANAGER. RDG SHALL PROVIDE A BANKFULL SURFACE TO GUIDE DESIGNATED BANK CONSTRUCTION.



BANKFULL CHANNEL HYDRAULIC DESIGN CRITERIA	
Stream Type	B4c/C4
Valley Type	Semi-Confined / Unconfined
Bankfull Discharge	125 (+/- 15 cfs)
Valley Slope	0.0051 - 0.0063 ft/ft
Sinuosity	1.5
Channel Slope	0.0034 ft/ft - 0.0042 ft/ft
Reach Average Slope	0.0039 ft/ft
Bed Shear Stress	0.29 lbs/ft <sup>2</sup> - 0.52 lbs/ft <sup>2</sup>
Mobile Particle Size	74 mm - 135 mm (SC-LC)
Mean Velocity	4.3 fps - 5.0 fps

LONGITUDINAL PROFILE DESIGN CRITERIA				
Variable	Feature Length (ft)	Dimensionless Ratio*	Slope Range (ft/ft)	Dimensionless Ratio**
<b>Riffle</b>				
Average	68	2.8	0.0068	1.9
Range (Low)	23	1.0	0.0050	1.4
Range (High)	117	4.5	0.0086	2.4
<b>Run</b>				
Average	24	1.0	0.0065	1.8
Range (Low)	18	0.8	0.0040	1.1
Range (High)	31	1.2	0.0090	2.5
<b>Pool</b>				
Average	61	2.5	0.0007	0.2
Range (Low)	23	1.0	0.0004	0.1
Range (High)	117	4.5	0.0011	0.3
<b>Glide</b>				
Average	28	1.15	0.00054	0.15
Range (Low)	25	1.1	0.00036	0.1
Range (High)	34	1.3	0.00072	0.2
<b>Pool Spacing</b>				
Average	122	5.0		
Range (Low)	69	3.0	N/A	N/A
Range (High)	208	8.0		

\* Relative to bankfull riffle width

\*\* Relative to reach-averaged water surface slope (0.0039 ft/ft).

PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION			
Size Class	Proposed*		
	Millimeter	Inches	% Passing
D100	152	6	95
D95	127	5	90-95
D84	102	4	85-90
D65	51	2	65-85
D35	25	1	30-50
D16**	2	0.08	10-30



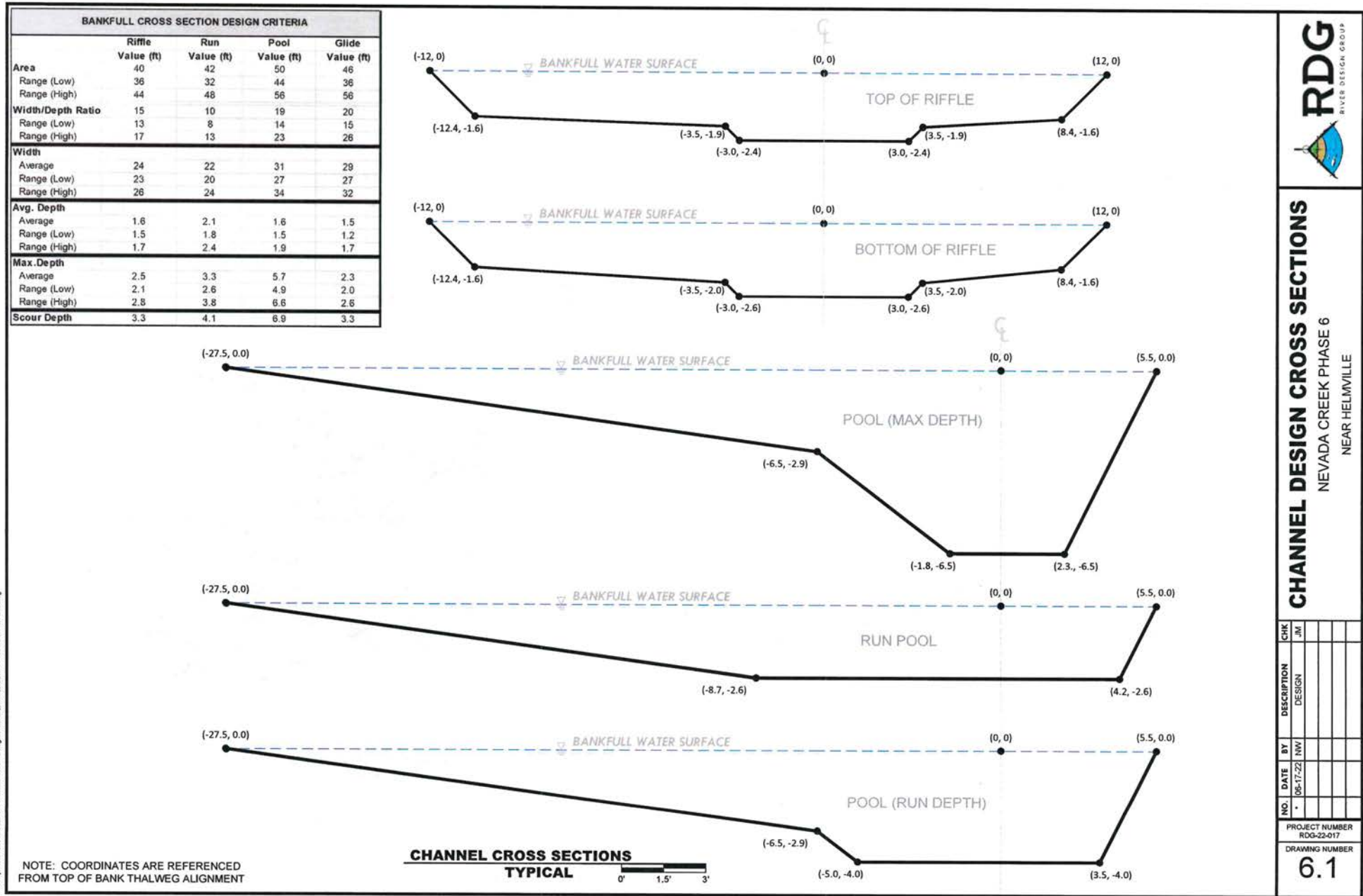
# **CHANNEL CROSS SECTION DESIGN CRITERIA** NEVADA CREEK PHASE 6 NEAR HELMVILLE

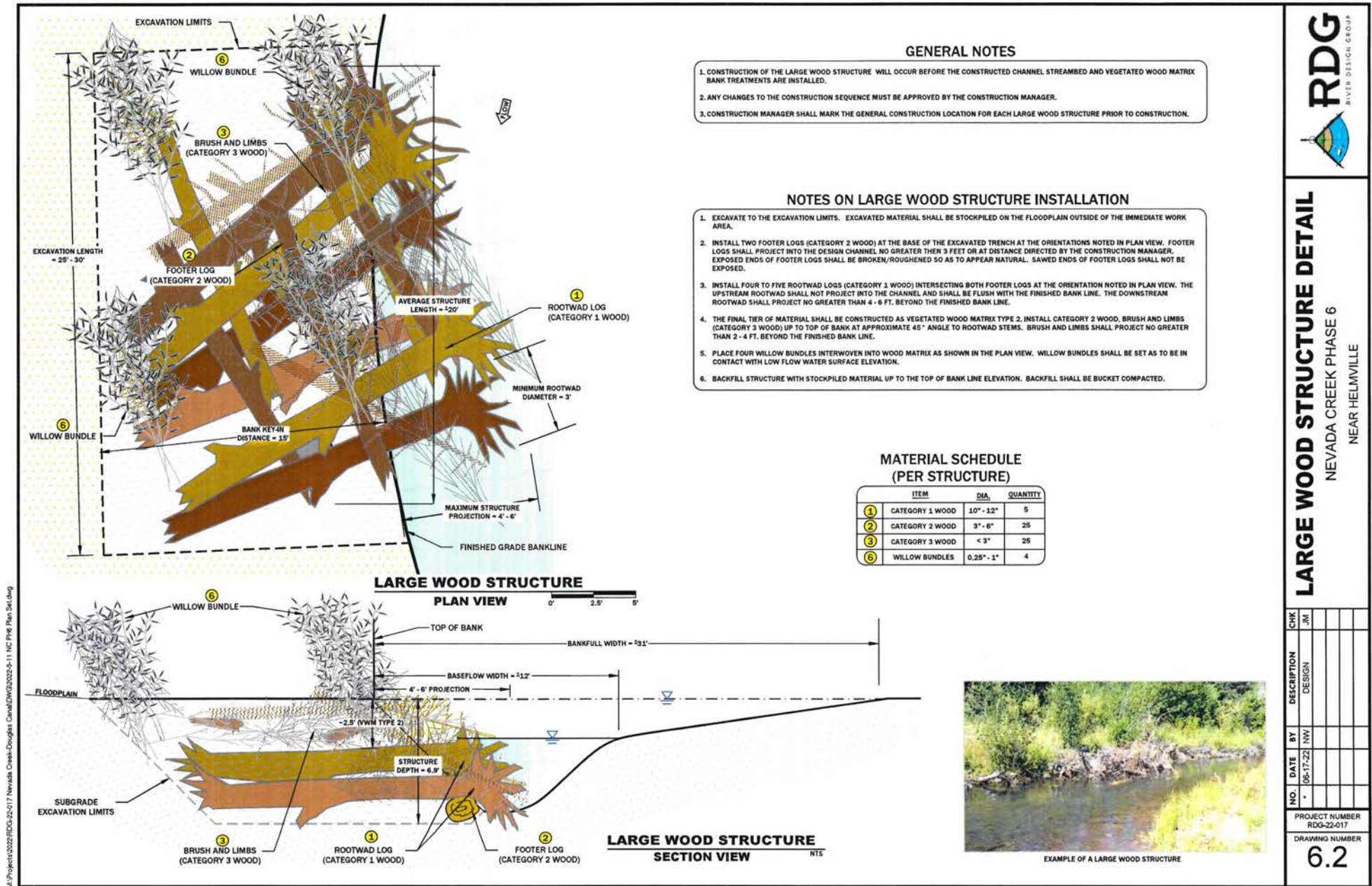
NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	CHK
1	06-17-22	NW	DESIGN	JM

PROJECT NUMBER  
RDG-22-017

DRAWING NUMBER

6.0





**VEGETATED WOOD MATRIX - TYPE 1**  
**SECTION VIEW**

VEGETATED WOOD MATRIX - TYPE 2  
SECTION VIEW

VEGETATED WOOD MATRIX - TYPE 3  
SECTION VIEW

### GENERAL NOTES

1. CONSTRUCTION OF THE VEGETATED WOOD MATRIX WILL OCCUR AFTER THE CHANNEL STREAMBED IS CONSTRUCTED. INSTALLATION OF FLOODPLAIN TREATMENT SHALL BE COMPLETED AFTER VEGETATED WOOD MATRICES ARE INSTALLED.
2. IF VEGETATED WOOD MATRIX STRUCTURES ARE INSTALLED PRIOR TO OCTOBER 1, LEAVE BACK TRENCH UNFILLED AND COMPLETE STRUCTURE WHEN DORMANT WILLOWS ARE AVAILABLE.
3. IT IS CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO CUT WOOD INTO APPROPRIATE SIZE LENGTHS TO FIT STRUCTURE DIMENSIONS.
4. ANY CHANGES TO THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE MUST BE APPROVED BY CONSTRUCTION MANAGER.
5. CONTRACTOR SHALL MARK AND CONSTRUCTION ENGINEER SHALL APPROVE THE GENERAL LOCATION FOR EACH VEGETATED WOOD MATRIX STRUCTURE PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

## NOTES ON VEGETATED WOOD MATRIX INSTALLATION

1. EXCAVATE TO THE EXCAVATION LIMITS AS SHOWN. EXCAVATED MATERIAL SHALL BE STOCKPILED ON THE FLOODPLAIN OUTSIDE OF THE IMMEDIATE WORK AREA.
2. PREPARE THE BENCH OF THE STRUCTURE BY PLACING CHANNEL STREAMBED ALLUVIUM FROM THE BASE OF THE EXCAVATION DEPTH/BOTTOM OF EXCAVATION TO WITHIN 1.0-FT. OF FINISHED GRADE.
3. CATEGORY 2 AND CATEGORY 3 WOOD (TYPE 2 AND 3 ONLY), AND CHANNEL STREAMBED ALLUVIUM SHALL BE PLACED IN ALTERNATING LAYS AND BUCKET COMPACTED UP TO 0.8 FEET OF THE TOP OF BANK ELEVATION AS SHOWN BELOW IN THE INSTALLATION SEQUENCE. PLACE SIX (6) FT TO EIGHT (8) FT, DIAMANT WILLOW CUTTINGS AT A DENSITY OF 5 PERS LINEAR FT ALONG THE TOP OF BANK LINE WITH THE DOWNSTREAM END OF THE CUTTING AT AN APPROPRIATE SLOPE AS SHOWN IN SECTION VIEW. STEMS MAY OVERLAP. THE CUT ENDS SHALL BE PLACED AT THE BASE OF THE SLOPES WITH THE DOWNSTREAM END OF THE CUTTING AT AN APPROPRIATE SLOPE AS SHOWN IN SECTION VIEW. THE CUTTING LENGTH IS EXPOSED BEYOND THE FRONT EDGE OF THE BASE. PLACE 500 MATS ON TOP OF MATRIX EXTENDING BEYOND THE EDGE OF THE TRENCH SO NO GREATER THAN ONE-THIRD OF THE TOTAL CUTTING LENGTH IS EXPOSED BEYOND THE FRONT EDGE OF THE BASE. PLACE 500 MATS ON TOP OF MATRIX EXTENDING FROM EDGE OF CHANNEL MARGIN BACK A MINIMUM OF 4' INTO THE FLOODPLAIN. TOP OF 500 MATS SHALL BE PRESSED TO ESTABLISH TOP OF BANK DESIGN ELEVATION.
4. THE UPSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM ENDS OF THE STRUCTURE SHALL TRANSITION SMOOTHLY INTO ADJACENT STREAMBANK STRUCTURES TO MINIMIZE EROSION, FLANKING, AND BANK FAILURE. STRUCTURE ENDS MAY BE STABILIZED WITH ADDITIONAL CATEGORY 1 ROCK AS APPROVED BY ENGINEER.
5. AFTER INSTALLATION OF THE VEGETATED WOOD MATRIX, BACKFILL THE STRUCTURE WITH STOCKPILED MATERIAL TO FINISHED GRADE, AND BUCKET COMPACT. INSTALL WILLOW TRENCHES AT A RATE OF 2 PER LINEAR FOOT (OR 20 PER CENTAGE) AS SHOWN. NO AREAS BEHIND THE FINISHED BANKLINE ARE TO BE LEFT BELOW FINISHED GRADE.

### ALLUVIUM GRADATION

<u>SIZE (INCHES)</u>	<u>PERCENT PASSING</u>	<u>REPRESENTATIVE SIZE CLASS</u>
6	95	D100
4	80 - 90	D84
2	45 - 55	D50
1	30 - 40	D35
0.6	20 - 30	D16
0.08	20	

\*PROVIDE MINIMUM 20% RETAINED IN 0.08" SIZE CLASS\*

**MATERIAL SCHEDULE (PER LINEAR FOOT)**

	ITEM	DIA.	QUANTITY		
			TYPE 1	TYPE 2	TYPE 3
2	CATEGORY 2 WOOD	3" - 6"	-	3	-
3	CATEGORY 3 WOOD	<3"	-	3	0.5
4	WILLOW CUTTINGS	0.25" - 1"	5	5	5
5	SOD MAT	5" - 8" THICK	4 SF	4 SF	4 SF
6	CHANNEL STREAMBED ALLUVIUM	6" MINUS	0.11 CY	0.2 CY	-

**WILLOW TRENCH DETAIL**  
**PLAN VIEW**

**RECOMMENDED VEGETATED WOOD MATRIX INSTALLATION SEQUENCE**

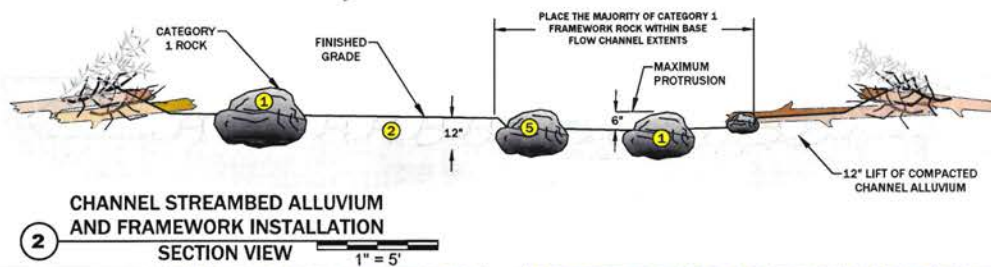
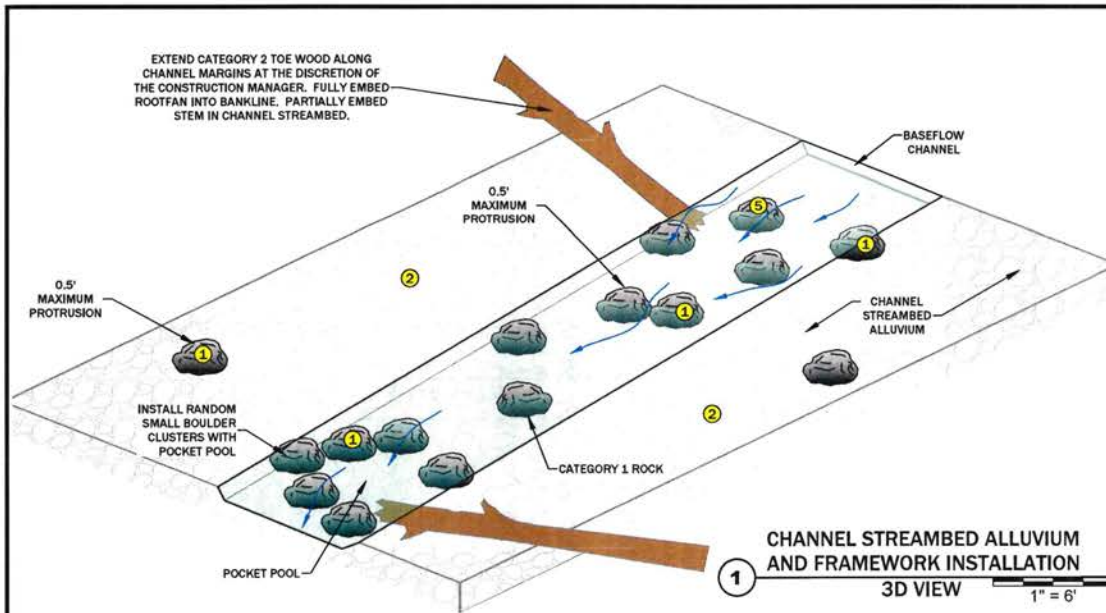
**SECTION VIEW** 0' 2.5'



**VEGETATED WOOD MATRIX DETAIL**  
NEVADA CREEK PHASE 6  
NEAR HELMVILLE

[illegible]

## 6.3



TYPICAL CONSTRUCTED STREAMBED THROUGH A RIFFLE FEATURE



TYPICAL CONSTRUCTED STREAMBED THROUGH A RUN FEATURE

## GENERAL NOTES

1. CONSTRUCTION OF THE CHANNEL STREAMBED WILL OCCUR AFTER THE CHANNEL SUBGRADE IS PREPARED.
2. ANY CHANGES TO THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE MUST BE APPROVED THE CONSTRUCTION MANAGER.
3. IT IS THE CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBILITY TO CUT WOOD INTO APPROPRIATE SIZE LENGTHS TO FIT STRUCTURE DIMENSIONS.
4. CONTRACTOR SHALL MARK THE UPSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM EXTENTS OF THE LOCATIONS OF THE CONSTRUCTED CHANNEL STREAMBED STRUCTURES.

## NOTES ON CONSTRUCTED CHANNEL STREAMBED INSTALLATION

1. PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION OF THE CHANNEL STREAMBED, CONSTRUCTION MANAGER SHALL VERIFY CHANNEL SUBGRADE ELEVATIONS. CHANNEL SUBGRADE SERVES AS THE FOUNDATION FOR THE CONSTRUCTED CHANNEL STREAMBED.
2. CONTRACTOR SHALL STOCKPILE CHANNEL ALLUVIUM PER SPECIFICATIONS NOTED ON THE DRAWING.
3. PREPARE THE FRAMEWORK. CONTRACTOR SHALL PLACE 10-INCH TO 12-INCH BOULDERS (CATEGORY 1 ROCK) ON THE SURFACE OF THE CHANNEL SUBGRADE PRIMARILY WITHIN THE LOW FLOW CHANNEL AS INDICATED ON THE DRAWING. DUE TO THE INHERENT VARIABILITY IN MATERIALS, BOULDER ELEVATIONS SHALL BE ADJUSTED TO ASSURE BOULDER PROTRUSION ABOVE FINISH GRADE WILL BE NO GREATER THAN 0.5-FT.
4. CONTRACTOR MAY INSTALL 10-INCH TO 12-INCH BOULDERS (CATEGORY 1 ROCK) IN CLUSTERS, AS DIRECTED BY THE CONSTRUCTION MANAGER, TO CREATE A COMPLEX SERIES OF POCKET POOLS THAT EFFECTIVELY DISSIPATE ENERGY AND PROVIDE PATHWAYS FOR FISH MOVEMENT. BOULDER ELEVATIONS SHALL BE ADJUSTED TO ASSURE BOULDER PROTRUSION ABOVE FINISH GRADE IS NO GREATER THAN 0.5-FT.
5. CONTRACTOR MAY INSTALL CHANNEL SPANNING WOOD (CATEGORY 2 WOOD) AND CHANNEL MARGIN WOOD (CATEGORY 2 WOOD) TO PROVIDE AQUATIC HABITAT COMPLEXITY AND ROUGHNESS AT THE DISCRETION OF THE CONSTRUCTION MANAGER. CHANNEL SPANNING WOOD SHALL BE INSTALLED INTO THE BED PERPENDICULAR TO FLOW WITH A MAXIMUM PROJECTION OF 0.3'. CHANNEL MARGIN WOOD SHALL PROJECT NO GREATER THAN 8 FEET INTO THE CONSTRUCTED STREAMBED IN VARIOUS ORIENTATIONS TO FLOW, AS DIRECTED BY CONSTRUCTION MANAGER. CHANNEL MARGIN WOOD SHALL BE EMBEDDED INTO THE CHANNEL STREAMBED A MINIMUM OF ONE-HALF THE LOG DIAMETER, AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS.
6. PREPARE THE MATRIX. AFTER THE FRAMEWORK, WOOD, BOULDER CLUSTERS, AND SMALL BOULDER RIBS ARE INSTALLED AND INSPECTED BY CONSTRUCTION MANAGER, PLACE APPROPRIATE CHANNEL STREAMBED ALLUVIUM GRADATION AND WASH FINES INTO STREAMBED. CHANNEL STREAMBED ALLUVIUM SHALL BE PLACED TO THE FULL COURSE THICKNESS OF 12-INCHES TO FINISHED GRADE.

## STREAMBED ALLUVIUM GRADATION

SIZE (INCHES)	PERCENT PASSING	REPRESENTATIVE SIZE CLASS
6	95	D100
4	80 - 90	D84
2	45 - 95	D50
1	30 - 40	D35
0.6	20 - 30	D16
0.08	20	

\*PROVIDE MINIMUM 20% RETAINED IN 0.08" SIZE CLASS\*

## MATERIAL SCHEDULE (PER LINEAR FOOT)

ITEM	DIA.	QUANTITY
1 CATEGORY 1 ROCK	12" - 18"	0.8 EA
2 CHANNEL STREAMBED ALLUVIUM	6" MINUS	0.4 CY



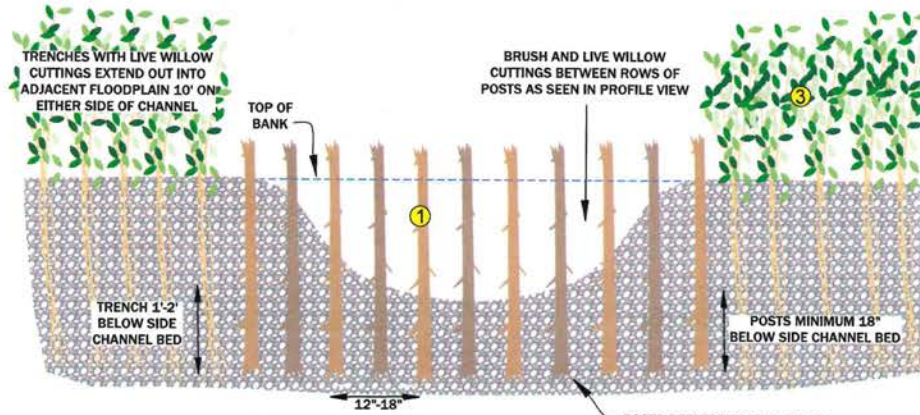
**CONSTRUCTED CHANNEL  
STREAMBED DETAIL**  
NEVADA CREEK PHASE 6  
NEAR HELMVILLE

NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	CHK
1	05-17-22	NW	DESIGN	JM

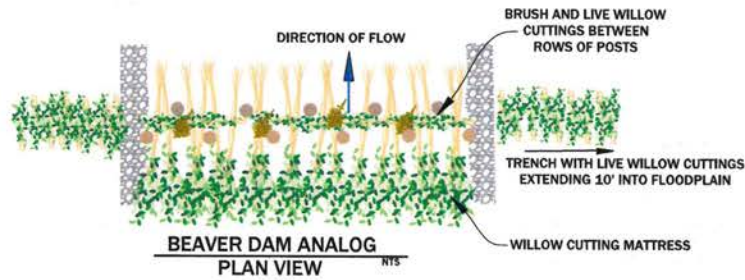
PROJECT NUMBER  
RDO-22-017

DRAWING NUMBER

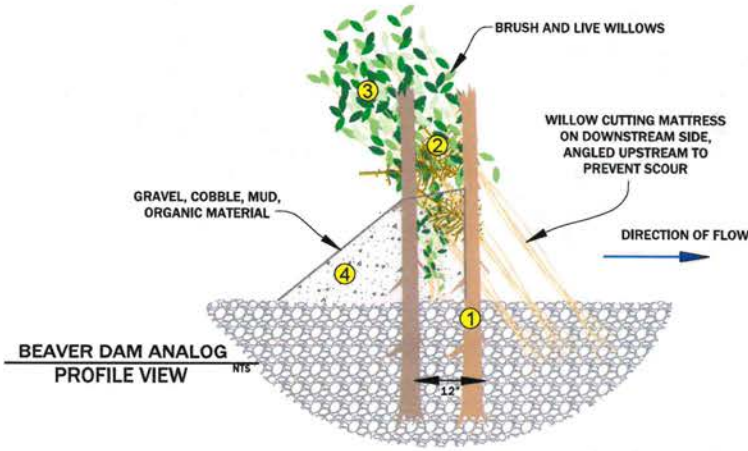
6.4



BEAVER DAM ANALOG  
SECTION VIEW  
NTS



BEAVER DAM ANALOG  
PLAN VIEW  
NTS



BEAVER DAM ANALOG  
PROFILE VIEW  
NTS

### GENERAL NOTES

1. CONSTRUCTION OF BEAVER DAM ANALOGS WILL OCCUR AFTER THE SIDE CHANNEL AND FLOODPLAIN SUBGRADE BACKFILL IS PLACED AND THE CHANNEL STREAMBED IS CONSTRUCTED.
2. ANY CHANGES TO THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE MUST BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
3. FIELD ENGINEER SHALL MARK THE GENERAL CONSTRUCTION LOCATION FOR EACH BEAVER DAM ANALOG PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

### NOTES ON BEAVER DAM ANALOG INSTALLATION

1. CONSTRUCT BEAVER DAM ANALOGS AT LOCATIONS STAKED BY ENGINEER AFTER COMPLETION OF SIDE CHANNEL CONSTRUCTION.
2. EXCAVATE A TRENCH EXTENDING APPROXIMATELY 10 FT INTO THE FLOODPLAIN ON EITHER SIDE OF THE STAKED BEAVER DAM ANALOG LOCATION. THE TRENCH SHOULD EXTEND APPROXIMATELY 1-2 FT BELOW THE BED OF THE SIDE CHANNEL. PLACE WILLOW CUTTINGS AT A SPACING OF 8" LINEAR FOOT INTO THE TRENCH AND BACKFILL WITH EXCAVATED NATIVE FLOODPLAIN FILL.
3. INSTALL TWO ROWS OF POSTS SPANNING THE WIDTH OF THE SIDE CHANNEL BETWEEN THE TWO FLOODPLAIN TRENCHES. SPACE ROWS 12 IN APART. SPACE POSTS IN EACH ROW APPROXIMATELY 12-18 IN APART AND ENSURE THAT AT LEAST ONE ROW OF STAKES HAS ONE STAKE INSTALLED IN THE BANK OF THE SIDE CHANNEL. STAKES SHOULD BE DRIVEN A MINIMUM OF 18 IN BELOW THE BED OF THE SIDE CHANNEL.
4. INSTALL BRUSH (GREEN CONIFER BRANCHES PREFERRED) AND LIVE WILLOW CUTTINGS IN THE 12 IN SPACE BETWEEN THE TWO ROWS OF POSTS. INSTALL BRUSH AND CUTTINGS IN 0.5 FT LAYERS AND COMPACT EACH LAYER AFTER INSTALLATION.
5. PRIOR TO INSTALLING THE FINAL LAYER (0.5 FT) OF BRUSH, INSTALL A MATTRESS OF WILLOW CUTTINGS ON THE DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF THE BEAVER DAM ANALOG. ORIENT CUTTINGS IN AN UPSTREAM DIRECTION WITH THE CUT ENDS BURIED INTO THE SIDE CHANNEL BED AND THE BRANCH TIPS EXTENDING UPSTREAM AND ON TOP OF THE LAST PLACED LAYER OF BRUSH BETWEEN THE POSTS. INSTALL THE FINAL LAYER OF BRUSH BETWEEN THE POSTS ON TOP OF THE WILLOW MATTRESS CUTTINGS TO SECURE THEM.
6. INSTALL A WEDGE OF COBBLE, GRAVEL, MUD AND ORGANIC MATTER ALONG THE UPSTREAM ROW OF POSTS. COMPACT MATERIAL TO ENSURE GOOD CONTACT WITH THE POSTS, BRUSH, CHANNEL BED AND CHANNEL BANKS.

### MATERIAL SCHEDULE (PER LINEAR FOOT)

ITEM	QUANTITY	DIMENSIONS
① POSTS (CATEGORY 2 OR 3 WOOD)	1	3" D, 4' L
② BRUSH	3	1"-3" D, 4'-8' L, GREEN WOOD PREFERRED
③ LIVE WILLOWS	5	0.5"-1" D, 4'-8' L
④ GRAVEL/COBBLE/MUD	0.4 CY	VARIES



## BEAVER DAM ANALOG

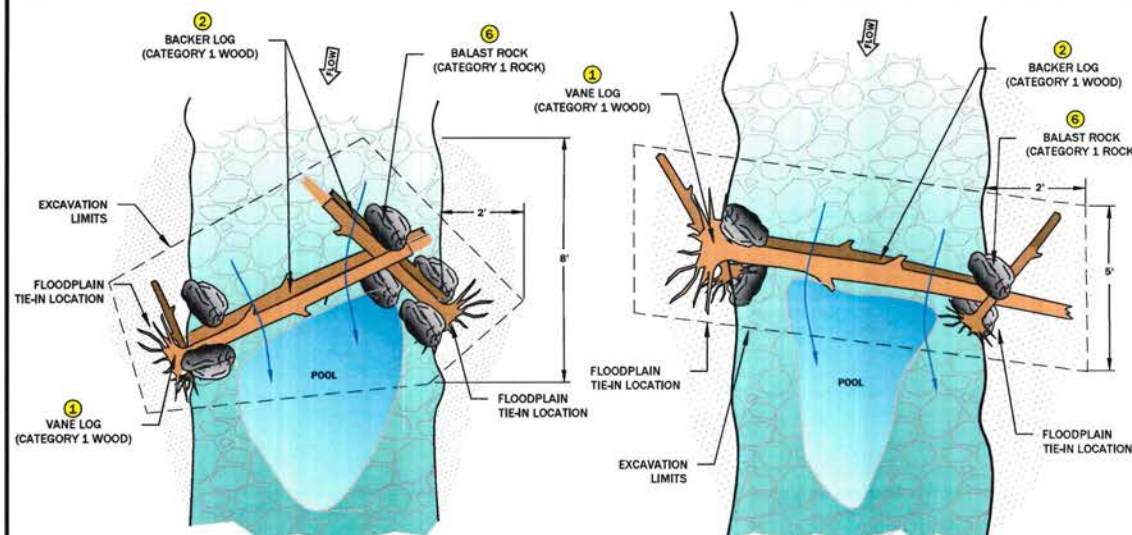
NEVADA CREEK PHASE 6  
NEAR HELMVILLE

NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	CHK
1	06-17-22	NW	DESIGN	JM

PROJECT NUMBER  
RDG-22-017

DRAWING NUMBER

6.5



1 TYPICAL LOG STEP POOL  
PLAN VIEW NTS

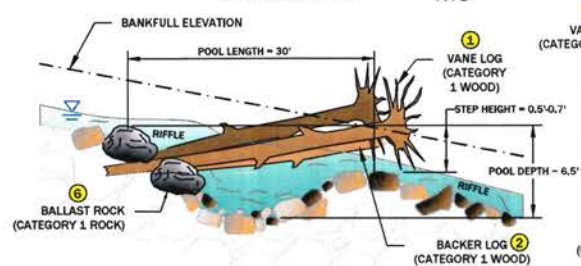
3 TYPICAL LOG STEP POOL  
PLAN VIEW NTS

### GENERAL NOTES

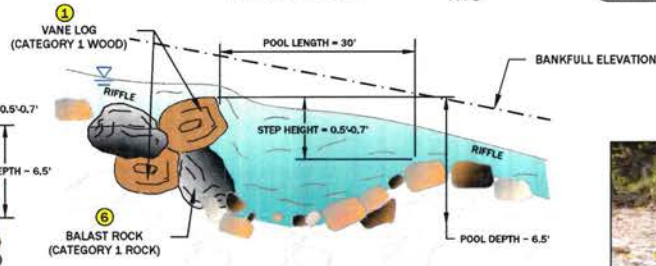
1. CONSTRUCTION OF THE CHANNEL LOG STEP POOL WILL OCCUR PRIOR TO THE CONSTRUCTED CHANNEL.
2. IT IS CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO CUT WOOD INTO APPROPRIATE SIZE LENGTHS TO FIT STRUCTURE DIMENSIONS.
3. ANY CHANGES TO THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE MUST BE APPROVED BY ENGINEER.
4. CONTRACTOR SHALL MARK AND ENGINEER SHALL APPROVE THE FLOODPLAIN AND CHANNEL STREAMBED TIE-IN LOCATIONS.

### NOTES ON CONSTRUCTED CHANNEL LOG STEP POOL INSTALLATION

1. PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION OF THE CHANNEL LOG STEP POOL, ENGINEER SHALL VERIFY CHANNEL SUBGRADE ELEVATIONS.
2. CONTRACTOR SHALL STOCKPILE WOOD AND ROCK PER SPECIFICATIONS NOTED ON THE DRAWINGS.
3. EXCAVATE TO THE EXCAVATION LIMITS. EXCAVATED MATERIAL SHALL BE STOCKPILED ON THE FLOODPLAIN OUTSIDE OF THE IMMEDIATE WORK AREA.
4. INSTALL VANE LOGS (CATEGORY 1 WOOD) AT THE FLOODPLAIN TIE-IN LOCATIONS AND TO THE ORIENTATIONS NOTED ON THE DRAWING. VANE LOGS SHALL BE PLACED ON CHANNEL ALLUVIUM AND THE ROOTWADS SHALL BE EMBEDDED INTO THE STREAMBANK A MINIMUM OF 2-FT. RELATIVE TO FINISHED BANK LINE.
5. ORIENT VANE LOGS IN CONTACT WITH THE CHANNEL STREAMBED AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWING. EMBED VANE LOG TIPS INTO THE CHANNEL STREAMBED A MINIMUM OF 3-FT. SLOPING AT AN ANGLE NO GREATER THAN 6% RELATIVE TO FLOODPLAIN ELEVATION. VANE LOG TIPS SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 1-FT. BELOW THE CHANNEL STREAMBED FINISHED GRADE.
6. INSTALL BACKER LOGS (CATEGORY 1 WOOD) ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE VANE LOGS AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS. BACKER LOGS SHALL BE FLUSH WITH THE VANE LOGS AND EXTEND FROM THE FLOODPLAIN TIE-IN LOCATIONS TO THE TIPS OF THE VANE LOGS.
7. INSTALL CATEGORY 1 ROCK UPSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM OF THE STREAMBANK TIE-IN LOCATIONS AND VANE LOG TIPS. ROCK SHALL BE IN CONTACT WITH VANE LOGS AND BACKER LOGS TO PROVIDE BALLAST AND TO PREVENT THE STRUCTURE FROM SHIFTING WHILE THE STRUCTURE IS BACKFILLED.
8. ATTACH NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE FABRIC TO VANE LOGS AND EXTEND VERTICALLY TO THE MAXIMUM DEPTH OF THE POOL. CHANNEL CROSS-SECTION ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE STRUCTURE, AS SHOWN ON DRAWING. BACKFILL VANE LOGS WITH EXCAVATED CHANNEL STREAMBED ALLUVIUM TO CHANNEL STREAMBED FINISHED GRADE.
9. REGRADE UPSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL STREAMBED FINISHED GRADE ELEVATIONS. IF EXCESS MATERIAL IS SIDECAST IN POOL DURING CONSTRUCTION, CONTRACTOR SHALL RE-EXCAVATE POOL TO THE DESIGN DIMENSIONS AS APPROVED BY ENGINEER.



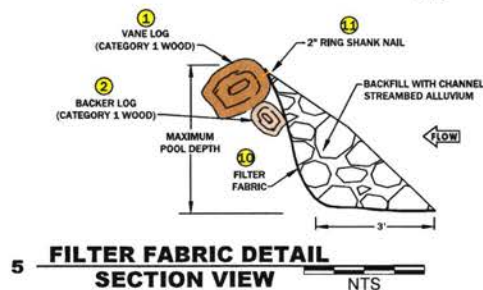
2 TYPICAL LOG STEP POOL  
PROFILE VIEW NTS



4 TYPICAL LOG STEP POOL  
PROFILE VIEW NTS

### MATERIAL SCHEDULE (PER STRUCTURE)

ITEM	QUANTITY
1 CATEGORY 1 WOOD	2
2 CATEGORY 2 WOOD	3
6 CATEGORY 1 ROCK	6
10 LF OF FILTER FABRIC	35
13 2" RING SHANK NAILS	20



5 FILTER FABRIC DETAIL  
SECTION VIEW NTS



EXAMPLE OF A CONSTRUCTED LOG STEP POOL



## LOG STEP POOL DETAIL

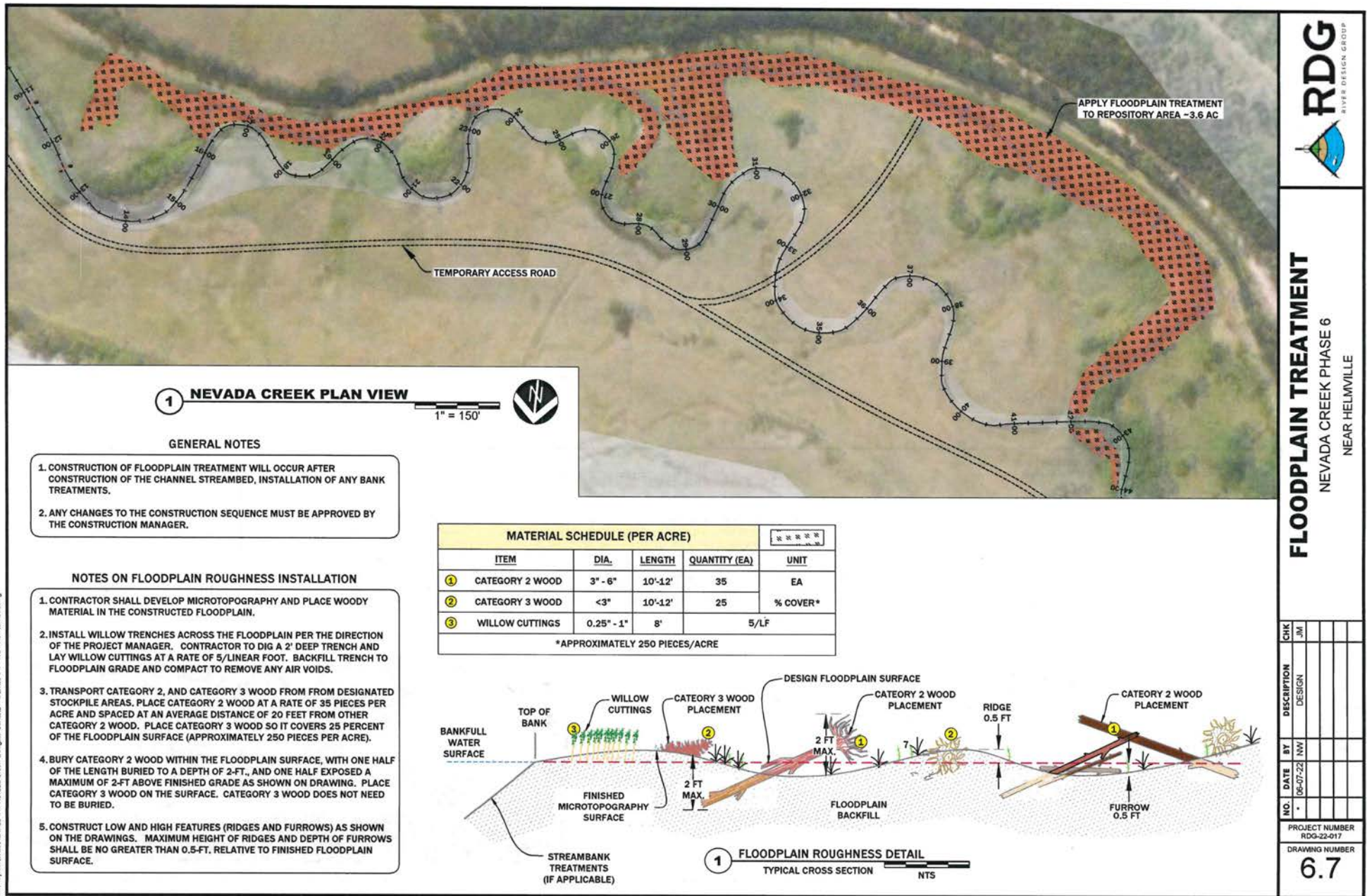
NEVADA CREEK PHASE 6  
NEAR HELMVILLE

NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	CHK
1	06-07-22	NW	DESIGN	JM
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				
19				
20				

PROJECT NUMBER  
RDG-22-017

DRAWING NUMBER

6.6



**FLOODPLAIN TREATMENT**  
NEVADA CREEK PHASE 6  
NEAR HELMVILLE

NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	CHK
1	06-07-23	NW	DESIGN	JM

PROJECT NUMBER  
RDG-22-017

DRAWING NUMBER  
**6.7**



EXAMPLE OF BULK BAGS



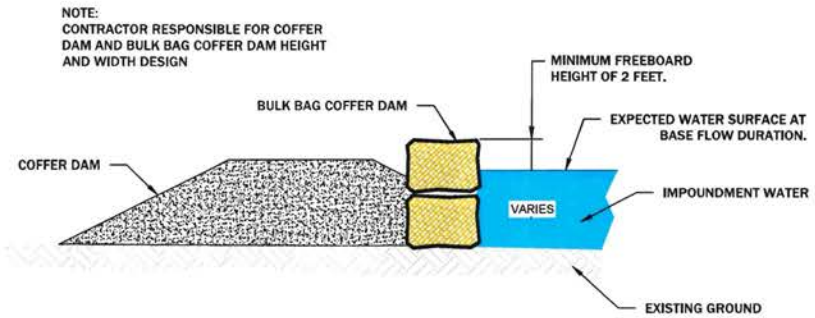
EXAMPLE OF BULK BAG PLACEMENT

**BULK BAG FILL GRADATION**

BULK PERCENTAGE	AVERAGE PARTICLE SIZE (INCHES)
20	1 1/2
30	3/4
30	1/2
20	3/8

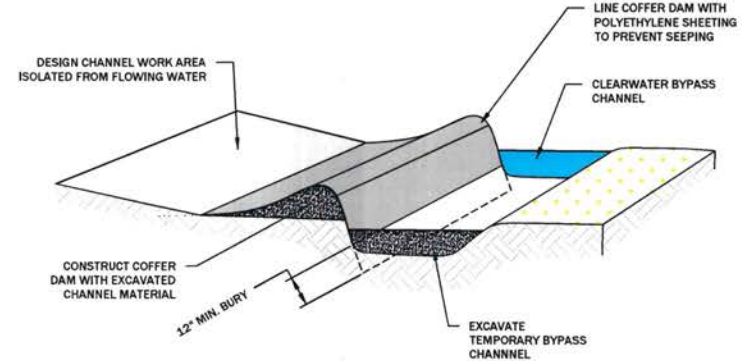
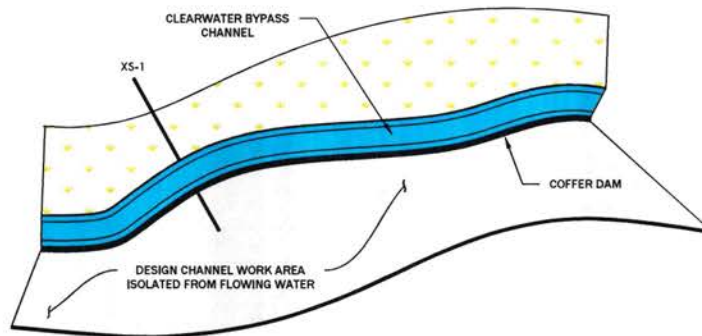
**GENERAL NOTES:**

1. WORK AREA TO BE ISOLATED USING COFFERDAMS CONSTRUCTED WITH BULK BAGS, SAND BAGS, OR APPROVED ALTERNATIVE. BULK BAGS ARE ALSO CALLED FLEXIBLE INTERMEDIATE BULK CONTAINERS (FIBC) THAT CAN BE CUSTOM MADE FROM VARIOUS FABRIC. THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS ARE NECESSARY FOR THE RIVER ENVIRONMENT:
2. LARGE BULK BAGS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED OF 8 oz WOVEN FABRIC, 1200 HOUR UV RESISTANT WITH SEWN LIFTING LOOPS. FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE COMPRISED OF SPAWNING GRAVEL AND MEET THE GRADATION SHOWN IN FILL GRADATION TABLE. THE BAGS ARE APPROXIMATELY 6' WIDE x 6' LONG x 4' HIGH WHEN FILLED.
3. SMALL BULK BAGS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED OF 8 oz WOVEN FABRIC, 1200 HOUR UV RESISTANT WITH SEWN LIFTING LOOPS. FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE COMPRISED OF SPAWNING GRAVEL AND MEET THE GRADATION GIVEN BY THE CITY OF BOISE SPECIFICATIONS (SHOWN BELOW). THE BAGS ARE APPROXIMATELY 3' WIDE x 3' LONG x 2.5' HIGH WHEN FILLED.
4. BULK BAGS SHALL BE CAREFULLY PLACED TO ENSURE NO TEARING OR CUTTING OF THE BAGS OCCURS.
5. BULK BAGS SHALL BE PLACED USING A HYDRAULIC CRANE OR TRACKHOE USING LIFTING BARS AND STEEL CABLES TO EQUALIZE LOAD ON LIFTING LOOPS.



**1 BULK BAG INSTALLATION**  
DETAIL NTS

BMP'S SHALL BE INSTALLED AT THE  
DIRECTION OF THE CONSTRUCTION MANAGER



**1 TEMPORARY COFFER DAM WITH BYPASS CHANNEL**  
DETAIL NTS

BMP'S SHALL BE INSTALLED AT THE  
DIRECTION OF THE CONSTRUCTION MANAGER



**BMP DETAILS**  
NEVADA CREEK PHASE 6  
NEAR HELMVILLE

NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	CHK
1	06-17-22	NW	DESIGN	JM

PROJECT NUMBER  
RDG-22-017

DRAWING NUMBER

**7.0**