



MONTANA
Fish and Game Department

FISHING REGULATIONS 1957-1958

Instructions

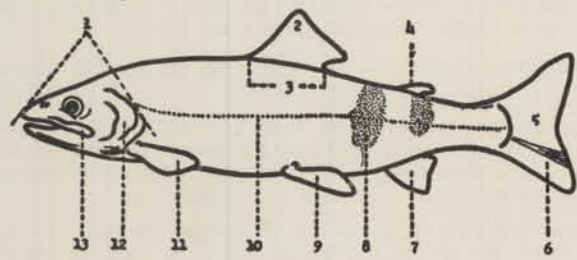
KEY FOR THE SEPARATION OF TROUT, SALMON, CHARS, AND WHITEFISH FROM THE OTHER FISHES FOUND IN MONTANA

How to Use the Key—

The use of the key is largely a process of elimination. Beginning at "A," compare the specimen with the written description and proceed to the signified letter. In any case, there can be only one choice between "A" and "AA," "B" and "BB," etc. If the description does not compare with that given under "A" proceed to "AA," and continue comparing the specimen with the descriptions.

(EXAMPLE)—If the description matches with that given under "A," then proceed to "C" as indicated. If the description matches with "C," then proceed to "D." If the description does not match "D," then proceed to "DD." If the description does not compare with "DD-1," proceed to "DD-2," and you will find that the specimen is a lake trout. If the description does not match with that given under "DD-2," then you have made a mistake and worked into a blind alley. Begin once more at "A" and go carefully through the key as previously described.

External Anatomy—

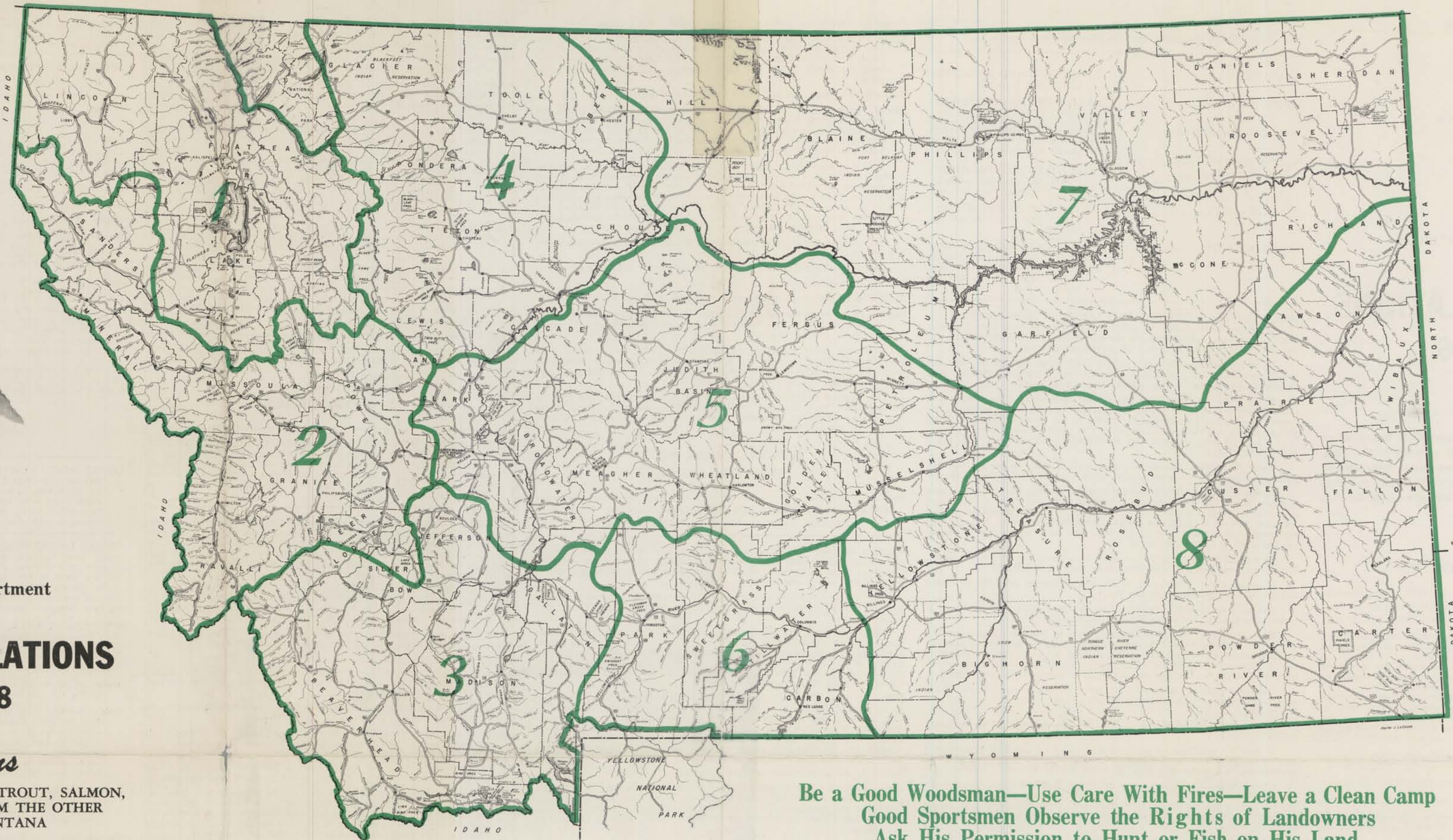


1. Head (length)
2. Dorsal Fin
3. Dorsal Fin Base (length)
4. Adipose Fin
5. Caudal Fin (tail fin)
6. Fin Ray
7. Anal Fin
8. Parr Mark
9. Pelvic or Ventral Fin (length)
10. Lateral Line
11. Pectoral Fin
12. Operculum
13. Maxillary (upper jaw)

KEY

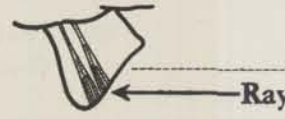
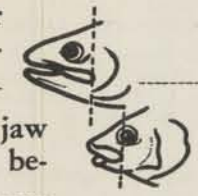
All of the trout, salmon, chars, and whitefish have an adipose fin (stubby, fleshy fin usually without rays).

This character alone will separate them from other Montana fishes, except the catfishes. Catfish bear whiskers (barbels), around the chin and mouth region, a character which immediately sets them apart from trout, salmon, chars, and whitefish.

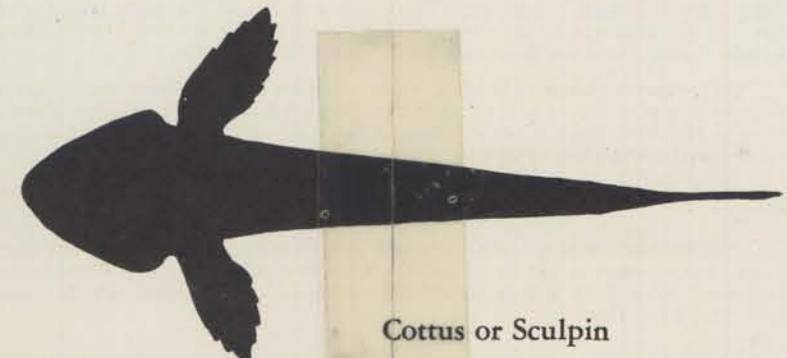


Be a Good Woodsman—Use Care With Fires—Leave a Clean Camp
Good Sportsmen Observe the Rights of Landowners
Ask His Permission to Hunt or Fish on His Land

- A. Jaw long, upper jaw extends beyond eye
- AA. Jaw short, upper jaw does not extend beyond eye
- B. Base of dorsal fin much shorter than head
- BB. Base of dorsal fin as long or longer than head
- C. Anal fin with less than 13 principal rays
- CC. Anal fin with more than 13 principal rays
 - CC-1. Gill rakers long and filamentous
 - CC-2. Gill rakers short and thick
- D. Body spotted with black
- DD. Body without black spots
 - DD-1. Tail weakly forked, or not forked; body spotted with red, orange, or pink.
 - (a) Back covered with greenish mottlings or vermiculations, (worm tracked)
 - (b) Back not covered with greenish mottlings
 - DD-2. Tail strongly forked, body spotted or mottled with gray
- E. Sides of body without red, orange or pinkish spots; black spots sharp and strongly developed on tail fin



- EE. Sides of body with red, orange, or pinkish spots; black splotchy spots, and not well developed on tail fin
- F. No bright red slash on inner edge of lower jaw
- FF. Bright red slash on inner edge of jaw
- G. Body, head, and fins black spotted, no parr marks on adults; usually a broad orange or red band running lengthwise on either side; underparts not deep orange-red. NOTE: (In some waters, particularly deep lakes, the body sides may be silvery)
- GG. Black spots confined mostly to tail region; parr marks remain in adults; red band running lengthwise on either side; underparts deep orange-red in adults



IT IS UNLAWFUL

- To refuse to show license on demand.
- To use more than single pole and/or single line.
- To sell or offer for sale any game or game fish.
- To transport or ship game or game fish out of the State without a shipping permit.
- To empty a minnow bucket (release live fish) into any body of water.
- To use or have in possession salmon eggs or salmon spawn or any imitations thereof.
- To use set-lines except in such water as designated under proper order of the State Fish and Game Commission.
- To use or have in possession a fish spear.
- To shoot fish with rifle, gun, or bow and arrow, except that carp may be shot with bow and arrow.
- To use any carbide, lime, giant powder, dynamite, or other explosive compounds, or any corrosive or narcotic poison or to have any of same in one's possession within one hundred (100) feet of any stream where fish are found, for the purpose of stunning or killing fish.
- To loan or transfer your fishing or hunting license or any tags from said license to any person.

FISHERMEN NOTICE!

Fishing cannot be greatly improved until the Fish and Game Commission has more information available. One of the greatest needs is catch data. Sportsmen interested in cooperating to improve fishing are requested to mail a card to the Helena Office asking for a Fisherman's Log in which they may enter their catch records. Please do not make this request out of curiosity, but only if you are truly interested in cooperating by keeping an account of your catch records.

Types of Licenses and Fees

Resident Bird and Fish License (Class A)	\$ 3.00
Resident Big Game (Must be Holder of Class A License)	3.00
Non-resident Seasonal Fishing License	10.00
Non-resident 6-Day Limited Fishing	3.00
Non-resident Bird	25.00
Non-resident Big Game, Birds and Fishing	100.00
Non-resident Deer (Special Areas)	20.00
Goat Permit (Special Areas Only)	5.00
Non-resident Antelope (Special Areas)	20.00
Trapper's License (Must be Holder of Class A License)	10.00
Land Owner's Trapping License	1.00
Resident Fur Dealer's License	10.00
Non-resident Fur Dealer's License	50.00
Fur Dealer's Agent's License	10.00
Taxidermist's License	15.00
Outfitter's and Guide's License	10.00

The holder of a Resident or Non-resident Big Game License is entitled to take one deer, one elk, one antelope, and one bear, during the open season thereon. (Goat hunting in special areas only).

All aliens may purchase non-resident licenses.

Shipping Permits\$.60
Shipping permits may be obtained from license dealer agents or from the Montana Fish and Game Department, Helena, Montana. Non-residents may not obtain shipping permits to ship fish out of the state. Shipping permits for non-residents are attached to the license. One shipping permit is attached to non-resident big game licenses. Non-residents making more than one shipment will need to obtain shipping permits to ship big game.

