

## Div. of Environmental Sanitation

## Field Investigation

August 9, 1963

Locality: Boulder River Drainage

On July 16 and 17, 1963, bottom fauna samples were collected from six stations in the Boulder River drainage. Portions of this area were sprayed with DDT in 1962 by the USFS for spruce budworm control. Bottom Fauna samples were collected before and after spraying, and a report written by Eugene Welch in 1962. In this report Welch recommended that these stations be resampled in 1963 to determine recovery of aquatic fauna populations from spray effects, and if particular orders of insects were slower than others in recovery.

Bottom fauna data collected in 1962 and 1963 are presented in Table 1. The 1962 samples were collected just a few days prior to spraying, and the 1963 collections were made approximately one year later. Stations I and II were control stations, Stations III and IV were in the immediate spray area, and Stations V and VI were downstream from spray areas. Station VI was added in 1963 because, although Basin Creek is the water supply for Basin, Montana, drift samples indicated that heavy mortality of insects occurred as a result of spraying DDT.

The only significant decrease in the per cent of total pollution sensitive organisms occurred at Station I, a control station. At the time of the 1963 sampling, it was apparent from the amount of aquatic vegetation present, that Bison Creek was receiving a loading of organic nutrients. The area above Station I is meadow and irrigated ranch land, which could account for organic enrichment by agricultural fertilizers in irrigation return waters.

At Stations III and V, tricoptera show a significant decrease in numbers and per cent from 1962. Welch noted in his report that the substrate of the Little Boulder River "was covered with tricoptera cases of the genus Brachycentrus", following spraying. It is likely that the most detrimental effects of DDT, as for recovery, occurred to this group of insects.

Respectfully submitted,

Ralph W. Boland

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Pollution Control Biologist

Attachment

cc: Mr. Walter Everin, Montana Fish & Game Dept.

Mr. C. W. Brinck, State Board of Health

Mr. Eugene Welch, Wash. State University, Seattle

RWB:mr

	Date	Ephemeroptera	Plecoptera	Tricoptera	Coleoptera	Diptera	011gochaeta	Other	Total	Sensitive Organisms
Station I, (CONTROL) Bison Creek	6-25-62 7-16-63	158 47% 42	1	81 24% 31	2 1% 9	93 28% 261	7		335 350	71% 21%
at Elk Park	7-10-07	12%		9%	3%	74%	2%			
Station II, CANTRAL Boulder Cr. at Whitehorse Camp	6-25-62	130 46%	13	111 39%	16 6%	14			284	90%
	7-16-63	93	5% 13 4%	140 43%	20 6%	37 11%	1	21 6%	325	76%
Station III, Boulder River at Indianhead Rock	6-25-62	124	3 1%	249 43%	100	89 1 <b>8</b> %	1		566	67%
	7-16-63	82 37%	13 6%	52 23%	36 16%	35 16%	5		223	66%
Station IV. Boulder River at Rock Rouse	6-25-62	9 45%		3 15%		40%			20	60%
	7-17-63	16 29%	16 29%	5 %	1 2%	17 31%			55	67%
Station V. Little Boulder River	6-25-62	56 17%	12	207	18	30 9%	5 2%		420 328	74%
	7-17-63	62	161 50%	5 1%	1	93 29%	2		324	70%
Station VI. Boulder River Below Boulder	6-25-62	5 13%	5 13%	19 47%	1 2%	10 25%			40	72%
	7-17-63	67	112 36%	93	any o	35 11%	2 1%	1%	313	88%
Station VII.  Basin Creek  above water supply	7-17-63	14 39%	7 19%	8 22%	3%	6 16%			36	81%

<sup>\*</sup>All 8 sq. ft. samples except Station VII, which was 4 sq. ft.